

# Increasing LARC Uptake in an Urban, Underserved, Primary Care Setting





Mark Hathaway MD, MPH

### **Disclosures**

Member of the advisory boards for ContraMed and Afaxys

Merck trainer for Nexplanon



## Learning Objectives

- 1. Outline barriers to long acting reversible contraceptive (LARC) uptake.
- 2. Identify key approaches for integrating LARCs into primary care practice services.
- 3. Describe three strategies to improve LARC uptake in clinical settings.



### **Outline**

- Unity Health Care Overview
- Unintended Pregnancy: US and District of Columbia (DC)
- Contraceptive Effectiveness
- LARC Effectiveness and Barriers to Uptake
- - System Changes, Staff Development, Technical Assistance
- Evaluation
- **500** Conclusions and Discussion



### Unity Health Care Inc.

- Network of federally qualified health centers
- 29 health centers: including 3 school-based, 8 homeless, and 2 correctional facility sites with mobile medical outreach
- Comprehensive primary care servicesFamily Planning , family medicine, pediatrics
- Obstetric/gynecology, Infectious Disease
- Specialty care (cardiology, Obgyn, infectious disease, pulmonology, mental health, dental etc.)
- Medical campus for Doctor of Osteopathy program
- Family medicine residency site



### Unity Health Care Inc.

Largest primary care agency (FQHC) in the area with 548,559 visits for 101,613 patients in 2012;

46,697 family planning visits



- 210 Clinicians
- 263 Medical Support Staff (Nurses, MAs, Lab Techs, etc.)



## Unity and Title X History

- Became Title X grantee in 2007
- Renewed in 2010 for five years as DC Title X grantee
- 25 Title X (Unity and delegate) sites in DC, including 3 school-based centers

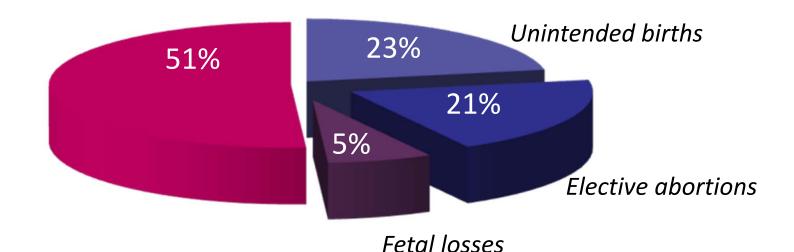


### Unintended Pregnancy Data: US

### 6.7 MILLION PREGNANCIES

over one year

Intended: 51% Unintended 49%



Finer, Zolna. Contraception. 2011.



### Unintended Pregnancy Data: District of Columbia (DC)

- 59% of all pregnancies unintended in DC
  - compared to 48% nationally
- Mighest teen pregnancy rate
  - 165/1,000 girls
- 8<sup>th</sup> highest teen <u>birth</u> rate
  - 45.4/1,000 live births



- Finer, L.B. & Zolna, M.R. (2011). Unintended pregnancy in the United Sates: incidence and disparities, 2006. *Contraception* (84), 478-485.
- Guttmacher Institute. (2010). U.S. teenage pregnancies, births and abortions: National and state trends and trends by race and ethnicity. Washington, DC: Guttmacher Institute.
- Office of Adolescent Health (2013). Adolescent Health Facts: Reproductive Health Data for the District of Columbia



### **Unintended Pregnancy Prevention**

#### STARTING POINTS: Pregnancy and Risks

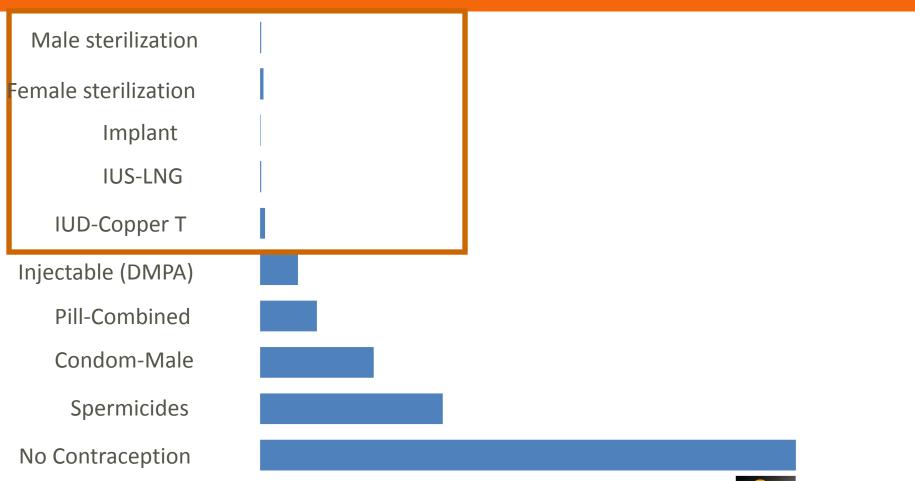
- Average number of desired children in US is two → a woman will spend approximately 30 years of her life avoiding pregnancy
- Key to having a healthy child is to <u>get as healthy as possible</u> before becoming pregnant (physically, emotionally, financially)
- Recognize that all contraceptive methods have far <u>fewer</u> <u>risks</u> than pregnancy



"Well, I'm on the pill. I also use a diaphragm with a contraceptive sponge and Alan wears a condom. Plus we abstain completely from sex."

### **Contraceptive Effectiveness:**

### 1st Year Failure Rates of Select Contraceptives (Typical Use)



Adapted from Trussell J. In Hatcher RA, et al. *Contraceptive Technology: 20<sup>h</sup> ed, 2011*.



### **Utilizing Contraceptive Effectiveness Tools**

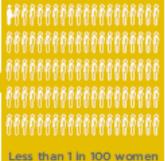


Trussell J, et al. In: Hatcher RA, et al. *Contraceptive Technology*, 20<sup>th</sup> revised ed. 2011. Chart adapted from WHO 2007.

### HOW WELL DOES BIRTH CONTROL WORK?

What is your chance of getting pregnant?

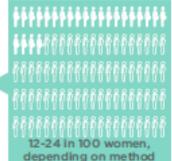












.







This work by the UCSF School of Medicine Bixby Center and Bedsider is licensed as a Creative Commons Attribution - NonCommercial - NoDeriv 3.0 Unported License.

FYI, without birth control, over 90 in 100 young women get pregnant in a year.



### choose birth control + condoms

If you're having sex, use **BOTH EVERY TIME** to help prevent pregnancy, HIV & STDs.

#### There are many safe birth control methods. Choose the one that's right for you.

YOUR OPTIONS	HOW OFTEN YOU USE IT	WHERE TO GET IT	EFFECTIVENESS	
• IUD • Implant	Can be left in place for up to 3–10 years Can be easily taken out if you want to get pregnant	■A doctor's office or clinic	99+% effective	
Shot Ring	New shot every 3 months Leave ring in for 3 weeks, remove for week 4 New patch once a week for 3 weeks, no patch for week 4	• A doctor's office or clinic	91-94%	
• The PIII	One pill at same time, every day			
• Diaphragm • Cervical Cap	Every time you have sex	A doctor's office or clinic	71 - 88%	
• Sponge	Every time you have sex	Buy at drugstore	effective	
Spermicide .	Every time you have sex	Buy at drugstore 72%		

(See back for more details on each method.)

#### **EMERGENCY CONTRACEPTION**

If your birth control falled or no birth control was used, get emergency contraception (see back for more info).

#### FOR CLINICS SERVING TEENS:

Search "MYC Teen" at nyc.gov, call 311, download the Teens in MYC app or scan here

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT CONDOMS:

Search "condonis" at nyc.gov.





### Contraceptive Effectiveness: Best Prevention

#### LONG-ACTING REVERSIBLE CONTRACEPTION! (LARCs)

- № Up to 99.9% effective
- High satisfaction and continuation
- Forgettable/non-user dependent method
- Very few severe side effects

Increasing access to LARCs significantly decreases unintended pregnancy rates and abortion rates

Piepert, J. et al. (2012). Preventing Unintended Pregnancies by Providing No-Cost Contraception. *Obstetrics and Gynecology,* December 2012





### LARC: Satisfaction Rates

- Levonorgestrel IUD (Mirena®)
- Copper T IUD (ParaGard®)
- Single rod hormonal implant (Implanon/Nexplanon®)
- \*All continuation/satisfaction rates approx 80%
- \*Much higher than condoms, OCPs, patch, and ring

Reference: CHOICE Project Data (December 2012)



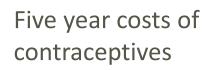
### LARC: Appropriate Candidates?

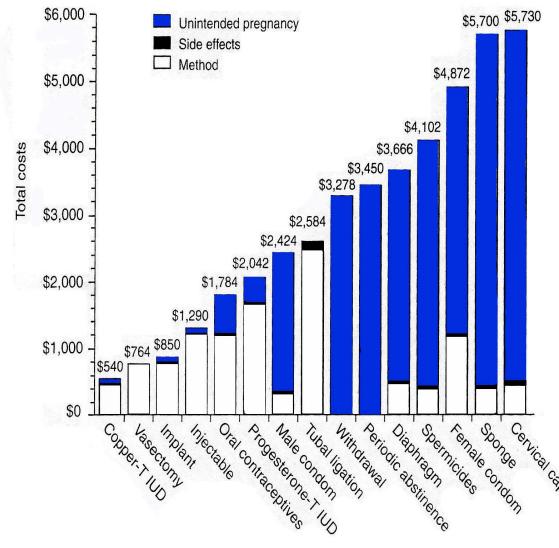
<u>Any</u> Women (including adolescents and nulliparous women) of any reproductive age seeking a long-term (one year or more), discreet, highly effective, convenient, safe, and reversible contraceptive.

- Few contraindications
- Risk of PID and subsequent infertility is dependent on non-IUC factors
- One year should be considered "long term"



### LARCs: Cost Effectiveness of IUC





Reference: Trussel J, Levesque JA, Koenig JD: Am J Public Health 85(49):494,1995.

### Factors Influencing a Woman's Use of Contraception



### Factors Influencing LARC Uptake

- Providers and staff
- Lack of knowledge about LARCs
  - Lack of placement skills
  - Misinformation: Eg. Do not view teens as candidates
  - Perception that LARC placement is time consuming
- Women and Men
  - Lack of knowledge about LARCs
  - Misinformation about LARCs
- Service Delivery
  - Inconsistent availability of LARC devices
  - Inconsistent availability of placement supplies









## Goals and Strategies

### Goal: Increase uptake of LARCs

Increase access to devices

Improve efficiencies

Affect patient/provider/staff knowledge and attitudes

Increase number of providers placing LARCs

Strategies

System Changes

Staff Development

Technical Assistance



## Strategies Outline

#### Strategy 1: System Changes

- Get everyone on board
- Obtain management investment
- Standardize across sites
- Promote patient follow-up

#### Strategy 2: Staff Development

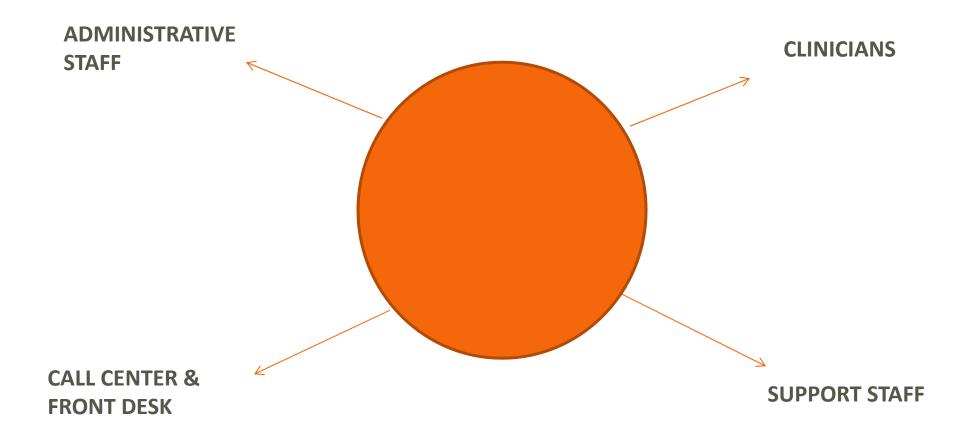
- Teach effective counseling (3 prong approach, teach-back, options)
- Teach management of bleeding and plan for side effects
- Considering Unity approaches for staff development

#### Strategy 3: Technical Assistance

Use clinical reference tools and job aids



#### **GET EVERYONE ON BOARD**



#### **OBTAIN MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT**

- Consider presentation to CMO, COO, and Clinic Directors on importance of a) offering LARC methods and b) having them on site at all times
- Highlight the decrease in unintended pregnancy and potential cost effectiveness of LARC Methods
- Create careful inventory system (ready stock with balance of ordering, dispensing, redistributing if needed)
- Research best purchasing opportunities



#### STANDARDIZE ACROSS SITES

- Continual availability of LARCs: purchasing based on avg. use and uniform stocking at all sites
- Standardized insertion set-up
- Patient/staff family planning resource centers









#### PROMOTE PATIENT FOLLOW-UP

- Schedule a recheck visit (6-8wks)
- Ask follow-up questions:
  - Are you satisfied with your contraceptive method?
  - Consider speculum string check
  - Is there anything you would change?
  - Are you having bleeding problems or other side effects?
- Address primary care/annual appointments and STI counseling

ARHP. Clinical Proceedings. 2004.



#### TEACH EFFECTIVE COUNSELING

- Get a good sense of your patients, then counsel accordingly
- Would you like to become pregnant in the next year? (onekeyquestion.org)
- What methods have you heard of?
- Mhat methods have you tried in the past?
- Mhat did you like or dislike?
- Mhat are your periods like now?



## Three Prong Approach to Contraceptive Education

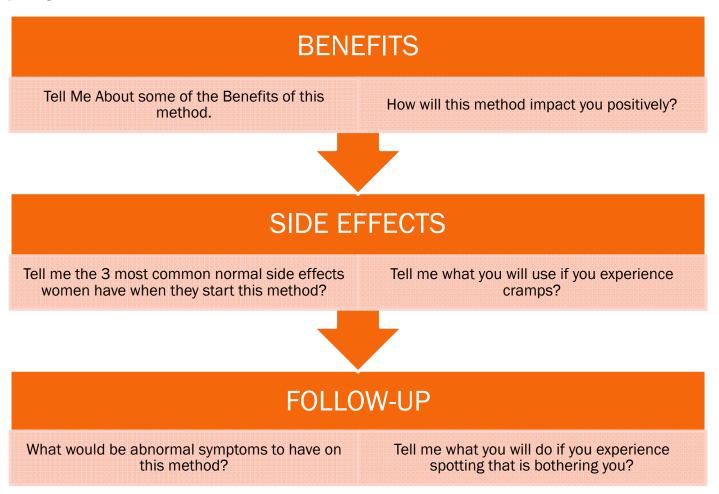
Discuss the Efficacy, Benefits, and Side Effects of Method Chosen

Employ the "Teach-Back"
Method to demonstrate Client
Understanding of Method
Expectations

Provide time for Client to Review and Sign Informed Consent Form for LARC procedure



#### Employ "Teach-Back" Method to demonstrate understanding





#### OPTIONS TO DISCUSS CONTRACEPTION

- **Effectiveness**
- Duration of use (permanent vs LARC vs condoms)
- Mormonal vs non-hormonal
- Estrogen and progestins
- Barrier vs non-barrier
- Options now abound...need to provide them to our patients



#### TEACH MANAGEMENT OF BLEEDING IRREGULARITIES

- Counseling upfront and reassurance
- Naproxen 500mg po bid for 5-7days
- Ibuprofen 800mg po tid for 5-7 days
- Estradiol 0.5-2mg po qd for 5-10 days
- OCPs for 2-3 cycles

(Consider use of quick reference guide for providers on "Management of Irregular bleeding with progestin-containing FP methods")



#### PLAN FOLLOW-UP FOR SIDE EFFECTS

- Ensure client knows to **call or return** to see you for bothersome side effects
- options in the event of bothersome **spotting**
- Reassure that there will be an **adjustment period** for the first few months
- Discuss an OTC treatment plan in the event of cramping.



#### UNITY STAFF DEVELOPMENT APPROACHES

- Mands-on LARC placement training for PCPs
  - family medicine physicians, pediatricians, NPs/PA
- University of California SF led LARC all-provider training
- Provider LARC survey to identify LARC preceptors and interested trainees
- Counseling training to emphasize LARC effectiveness (expanded on next)
- Pregnancy caregivers educate and assist patients with method choice prior to delivery
- 50 Family planning integrated into new hire orientation



### Strategy 3: Technical Assistance

- Clinical reference tools
  - Managing Contraception guides all new providers
  - CDC MEC laminated sheets for all providers
  - CDC US SPR for contraception
  - Quick reference guides: Family planning coding, on-site, dispensing, irregular bleeding management with progestin method
- Job aids and counseling sheets in multiple languages
- Exam room LARC demo models
- Sexual & Reproductive health email updates for providers
- familyplanning@unityhealthcare.org for questions and support



## Strategies Outline

#### Strategy 1: System Changes

- Get everyone on board
- Obtain management investment
- Standardize across sites
- Promote patient follow-up

#### Strategy 2: Staff Development

- Teach effective counseling (3 prong approach, teach-back, options)
- Teach management of bleeding and plan for side effects
- Considering Unity approaches for staff development

#### Strategy 3: Technical Assistance

Use clinical reference tools and job aids



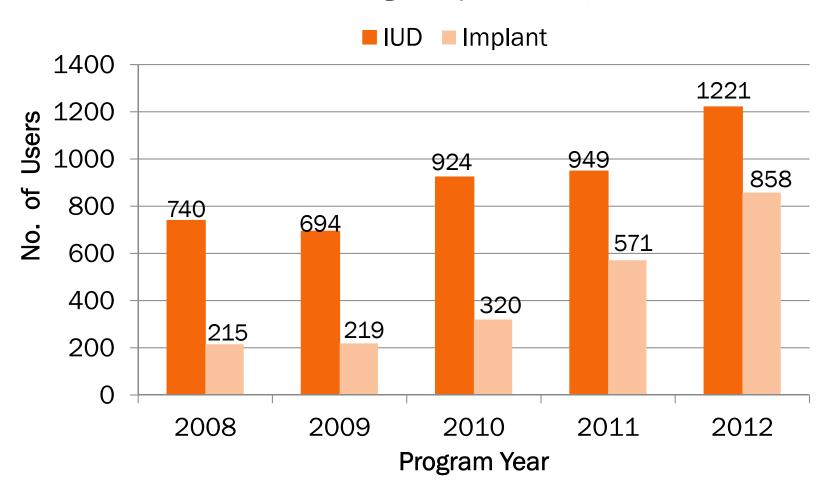
# Monitoring and Evaluation: Measuring our Strategy Effectiveness

- Annual, Quarterly, and Monthly Reviews
  - Title X Family planning annual report (FPAR)
  - Monthly stock distribution of methods
- Team Meetings: Monthly Title X team admin meeting and weekly Title X clinical meeting
- LARC quality indicator measurement for this review
  - **EMR** data analysis conducted from 2009-2012
    - LARC use
    - Placement trends by provider type



### Evaluation: LARC Use

#### LARC Use Among Unity Clients (2008-2012)



## Evaluation: LARC Use at Unity (2012)

Measure	Indicators
20.4%	% of women who are on a LARC method out of all women contraceptors on a documented method
9.2%	% of women of reproductive age (13-50) in need of contraception seen at Unity in 2012 (not sterilized or pregnant, infertile etc.) on a LARC method. (Up from 6.4% in 2009)
1 in 5	Number of family planning users who are male
46,697	Number of family planning visits



## Evaluation: LARC User Profile (2009-2012)

Indicator	Number of LARCs	% of all LARC users					
RACE							
1. Black/Africa American	2,703	52.5%					
2. Unknown/Not reported	1,916	37.2%					
AGE							
1. 25-29 year olds	1,444	28.1%					
2. 20-24 year olds	1,196	23.2%					
* Teens are 5 <sup>th</sup> highest LARC age group and represent 8.5% of all LARC users							
INCOME							
1. 100% and below poverty	3,565	69.3%					
2. 100%-150% below poverty	730	14.7%					



### **Evaluation: Providers**

#### Between 2009 and 2012:

- 88% increase in the number of providers placing LARCs at Unity from 34 to 64
  - Staff numbers only increased 24% during that same time period
- FM physicians/NP/PAs placed 35% of LARCs in 2012
  - FM physicians/NP/PAs placed 25% of LARCs in 2009
- 300% increase in overall number of LARCs inserted by family medicine physicians/NPs/PAs
  - 101 in 2009 to 402 in 2012



### Evaluation: LARCs placed by Provider type

Provider Type	LARCS inserted (2009)	Percentage of LARCs (2009)	LARCs inserted (2012)	Percentage of LARCs (2012)
Family /Internal Med Physicians	40	9.7%	230	19.9%
OBGyn	134	32.6%	333	28.8%
CNM	174	42.3%	424	36.7%
NP/PA	61	14.8%	172	14.9%
Pediatrician	2	0.5%	6	0.5%
Total	411		1,155	

### Conclusions

- Dedicated family planning team is necessary within an FQHC model to affect change
- Ensure use of both internal and external focused strategies Eg. Include evaluation methods for patient knowledge/attitude/practices
- Multiple system changes and staff development initiatives are needed to address barriers
- Consider key partners for knowledge sharing and innovation exchange



## Thank you from the Title X Unity Team

**Title X Medical Director** 

Mark Hathaway, MD, MPH mark.j.hathaway@medstar.net

Family Planning Clinical Coordinator
Karen Klauss, CNM
kklauss@unithyhealthcare.org

Title X Grants Management Specialist
Camille Dixon, MPH
<a href="mailto:cdixon@unityhealthcare.org">cdixon@unityhealthcare.org</a>

Family Planning Nurse Coordinator
Jennifer Vollett-Krech, BSN/RN, MPH
jvollettkrech@unityhealthcare.org

Family Planning Care Associate
Pastora Checa-Martinez, MA, BSN
<a href="mailto:pcheca@unityhealthcare.org">pcheca@unityhealthcare.org</a>



