These charges are only allegations which may be contested by the licensee in an administrative hearing.

STATE OF NEW YORK : DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
STATE BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL CONDUCT

IN THE MATTER

STATEMENT

OF

OF

PIERRE JEAN JACQUES RENELIQUE, M.D. CO-09-02-0716-A

CHARGES

PIERRE JEAN JACQUES RENELIQUE, M.D., Respondent, was authorized to practice medicine in New York state on January 29, 1990, by the issuance of license number 181349 by the New York State Education Department.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- A. On or about February 16, 2009, the State of Florida, Board of Medicine (hereinafter "Florida Board"), by a Final Order (hereinafter "Florida Order"), REVOKED Respondent's license to practice medicine and imposed \$18,191.30 in costs, based on medical malpractice in the care and treatment of a patient; failing to keep legible medical records that identify the licensed physician or physician extender and that justify the course of treatment for the patient; and delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating such responsibilities knows or has reason to know that such person is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform them.
- B. The conduct resulting in the Florida Board disciplinary action against Respondent would constitute misconduct under the laws of New York state, pursuant to the following sections of New York state law:
  - New York Education Law §6530(2) (practicing the profession fraudulently);
  - New York Education Law §6530(3) (negligence on more than one occasion);
- 3. New York Education Law §6530(25) (delegating professional responsibilities to a person when the licensee delegating such responsibilities knows or has reason to know that such person is not qualified, by training, by experience, or by licensure, to perform them);
- 4. New York Education Law §6530(30) (abandoning or neglecting a patient under and in need of immediate professional care, without making reasonable arrangements for the continuation of such care);

- 5. New York Education Law §6530(32) (failing to maintain a record for each patient which accurately reflects the evaluation and treatment of the patient); and/or
- 6. New York Education Law §6530(33) (failing to exercise appropriate supervision over persons who are authorized to practice only under the supervision of the licensee).

## SPECIFICATIONS

## FIRST SPECIFICATION

Respondent violated New York Education Law §6530(9)(b) by having been found guilty of improper professional practice or professional misconduct by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another state where the conduct upon which the finding was based would, if committed in New York state, constitute professional misconduct under the laws of New York state, in that Petitioner charges:

The facts in Paragraphs A and/or B.

## SECOND SPECIFICATION

Respondent violated New York Education Law §6530(9)(d) by having his license to practice medicine revoked and/or having other disciplinary action taken by a duly authorized disciplinary agency of another state, where the conduct resulting in the revocation and/or other disciplinary action would, if committed in New York state, constitute professional misconduct under the laws of New York state, in that Petitioner charges:

The facts in Paragraphs A and/or B.

DATED: June 10, 2009 Albany, New York

PETER D. VAN BUREN
Deputy Counsel
Bureau of Professional Medical Conduct