EXHIBIT 1

SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY, a corporation; STEPHEN ROTHMAN, M.D., an individual, DOES 1-100.

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE): BRIAN NOVACK, M.D.

SUM-100 FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

FILE OS ANGELES SUPERIOR COURT

APR 16 2009

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia. Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que liame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede liamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/seifhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

LOS ANGELES SUBEDIOD COURT

CASE NUMBER: Número del Caso):	₿	E	4	1	2	θ	θ	7	
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INTRODUCTION

- 1. Plaintiff BRIAN NOVACK, M.D., (hereinafter DR. NOVACK) is a well-known successful plastic surgeon. On December 10, 2002, he was seriously injured in an automobile accident due to the fault of a third party driver who unfortunately only had \$250,000 in liability insurance.
- 2. DR. NOVACK, though, had uninsured/underinsurance (UM/UIM) motor vehicle insurance under his STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY ("STATE FARM") POLICY, Policy Number 71-C0-1158-8 with UIM/PLUP (Personal Liability Umbrella Policy) limits of \$3,000,000. This coverage provided DR. NOVACK an additional \$2,750,000 in insurance to compensate DR. NOVACK for his injuries and his loss of earnings and earning capacity.
- 3. Despite repeated clear and unequivocal offers to settle the underinsurance claim of DR. NOVACK for policy limits, at a time when STATE FARM knew that the liability was reasonably clear and the damages exceeded the policy limits, STATE FARM unreasonably refused and delayed paying the policy limits for nearly two years. Instead, STATE FARM engaged in an unreasonable pattern of placing its own financial interests above those of its insured, and unreasonably ignored the overwhelming evidence that DR. NOVACK's damages significantly exceed the policy limits.
- 4. STATE FARM also engaged in egregious actions and ignored its duty to conduct a full, fair and balance investigation of the claim by hiring expert witnesses who had been retained by the adverse third party defendant in an attempt to defeat DR. NOVACK's legitimate claim. When DR. NOVACK sought to learn the potential financial bias of these expert witnesses, STATE FARM unreasonably refused to respond to DR. NOVACK's proper discovery. DR. NOVACK was required to repeatedly seek Court intervention to obtain Court orders to compel disclosure from STATE FARM of such

- information. STATE FARM then elected to ignore at least three Court orders to disclose such information of financial bias of these experts to DR. NOVACK.
- 5. DR. NOVACK is suing STATE FARM for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing for its unreasonable and bad faith conduct toward him in the handling of the first party underinsurance claim. An insured pays a premium to an insurance company for additional protection of an underinsurance/uninsured motorist claim in the event he/she is injured in an accident where the negligent third party lacks adequate insurance. An underinsurance claim is a *first party claim* by an insured against his or her own insurance company, and the insurance company has a duty to act in good faith and to fairly deal with its own insured in the handling and adjustment of this type of claim.
- 6. DR. NOVACK is also suing STATE FARM in a class action suit under California Business & Professions Code § 17200 et seq. to seek an injunction to require STATE FARM to review all Uninsured/Underinsured ("UM/UIM") first party claims made over the last four years against STATE FARM, and for future UM/UIM claims, to require STATE FARM to disclose the financial bias of any expert that has been retained by STATE FARM to defend such claims, including, the amount of money paid to and the number of times an expert has been hired by STATE FARM. In a first party UM/UIM claim, an insured is entitled to know any potential bias of an expert being used against the insured since STATE FARM has a duty to conduct a full, fair and balanced investigation.
- 7. DR. NOVACK is also suing STEPHEN ROTHMAN, M.D. ("DR. ROTHMAN") for tortious interference with contractual relations. DR. ROTHMAN was first retained as an advocate by the third party defendant against DR. NOVACK. A third party defendant, and his insurance carrier, is in a purely adversarial role against the plaintiff, and there does not exist an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing toward the plaintiff in such cases. Despite knowing that his original retention in this case was by a third party defendant who is in an adversarial role against DR. NOVACK,

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1	DR. ROTHMAN also agreed to act as an expert for STATE FARM in the UM/UIM case,
2	whose duty of good faith and fair dealing to their own insured included the duty to
3	conduct a full, fair and thorough investigation of plaintiff's claims. DR. ROTHMAN
4	intended to disrupt the contractual relationship and the duty of good faith and fair
5	dealing that STATE FARM owed to DR. NOVACK by rendering biased and one-sided
6	opinions that did not fully and fairly consider the evidence supporting DR. NOVACK's
7	claim. DR. ROTHMAN has gone on record literally thousands of times stating that a
8	disc bulge cannot be caused by trauma and that a disc herniation can only be caused
9	by catastrophic trauma akin to severing the spinal cord. DR. ROTHMAN earns well
10	over \$2,000,000 a year doing defense medical examinations for insurance companies
11	and renders opinions which are utterly one-sided in favor of the insurance company.
12	DR. ROTHMAN has also performed research on which words are best used at trial to
13	limit jury verdicts and has given speeches on how to defeat an injured person's case.
14	DR. ROTHMAN intended to ignore or minimize evidence that supported the claim in an
15	effort to deprive plaintiff DR. NOVACK of the full benefits that were owed to and due

under DR. NOVACK's insurance policy with STATE FARM.

PRELIMINARY ALLEGATIONS

II

- 8. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK is a resident of the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- 9. At all times relevant to this lawsuit, defendant STATE FARM was and is in the business of selling and providing insurance policies and doing business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- At all times relevant to this lawsuit, DR. ROTHMAN, is a resident of the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- Plaintiff DR. NOVACK does not know the true names and capacities of defendants sued herein as Does 1-100, inclusive, and therefore sues said defendants

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- 1 by such fictitious names pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §474. DR.
- 2 NOVACK will amend this Complaint to state the true names and capacities of the
- 3 fictitiously named defendants when the same are ascertained. DR. NOVACK is
- 4 informed and believes and based thereon allege that each of the fictitiously named
- 5 defendants is legally responsible in some manner for the events and damages alleged
- 6 in this Complaint under the causes of action stated herein.
 - 12. DR. NOVACK is informed and believe and based thereon allege that at all times mentioned herein, each of the defendants was the agent, partner, joint venturer, associate and/or employee of one or more of the other defendants and was acting in the course and scope of such agency, partnership, joint venture, association and/or employment when the acts giving rise to the cause of action occurred.

III.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. December 10, 2002 Accident

- 13. DR. NOVACK was a skilled plastic surgeon who depended on the full use of his upper extremities to perform high end and very precise plastic surgeries. Before December 10, 2002, he would perform surgery three days per week, charging fees for such surgeries as face-lifts ranging \$75,000-\$100,000 or more, rhinoplasty for a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000, and full-face fat transfers for \$30,000.
- 14. On December 10, 2002, DR. NOVACK was traveling westbound in the number three lane on California Interstate 10. DR. NOVACK was wearing his seat belt. Due to traffic ahead of him, he slowed and eventually stopped. As DR. NOVACK was stopped, his vehicle was struck from behind by a vehicle driven by Brian Gorman. The impact was substantial and required both vehicles involved in the accident to be towed from the scene of the accident.

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- 15. As a result of the accident, DR. NOVACK experienced immediate severe pain in the right side of his neck, and numbness and weakness running down his right arm and into the fingers of his right hand.
- 16. Brian Gorman was insured through Mercury Insurance Company with a policy limit of \$250,000 at the time of the accident.
- 17. DR. NOVACK was also insured at the time of the accident through STATE FARM, Policy Number 71-C0-1158-8 with UIM/PLUP (Personal Liability Umbrella Policy) limits of \$3,000,000.

B. Pre-Underinsurance Claim Events

- 18. On December 11, 2002, the day after the accident, DR. NOVACK was evaluated by orthopedist Dr. Jon Greenfield. An MRI taken on that day revealed a broad-based posterior 4 millimeter disc protrusion at the C6-7 level, with compression of the anterior cord. The disc protrusion at the C6-7 level resulted in moderate central canal and foraminal stenosis. The scan revealed the absence of degenerative changes to the spine, which indicated DR. NOVACK suffered an acute disc herniation. At the C5-6 level, the scan showed mild to moderate compression of the right foramen.
- 19. DR. NOVACK's condition progressively worsened. By January 2004, DR. NOVACK was experiencing severe pain radiating in his right upper arm, through his bicep, forearm, thumb and index finger. His grip strength in his right hand weakened, he suffered atrophy of the right bicep and forearm, involuntary muscle contractions at the right bicep, and numbness at the right forearm thumb and index fingers.
- 20. DR. NOVACK's injuries and resulting pain and weakness in his right arm adversely impacted his successful surgical practice. He was no longer able to perform plastic surgeries on a full-time basis. Consequently, he had no choice but to refer many patients to other plastic surgeons and to reduce the amount of time spent at his practice almost in half, decreasing his surgical volume. This resulted in significant loss of earnings to DR. NOVACK.

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- 21. On or about November 14, 2003, DR. NOVACK filed suit against Gerald L
 Gorman and Brian Gorman, LASC Case No. SC079750.
- 22. On September 23, 2004, Dr. Robert Bray recommended a right C5-6 and
 C6-7 posterior cervical foramintomy.
- 5 23. On or about February 11, 2005, Gerald L. Gorman and Brian M. Gorman 6 designated expert witnesses. Included in the defendants expert witness was DR.
- 7 ROTHMAN. A true and correct copy of the expert designation is attached as **Exhibit 1**.
 8 (Only Exhibits E & F included; Exhibits A-D, G, H, excluded)
 - 24. In March 2005, the third party defendants Gerald L. Gorman and Brian M. Gorman tendered their \$250,000 policy limits to settle the civil suit. DR. NOVACK accepted the \$250,000 policy limits from the third party defendants.

C. <u>Submission of Underinsurance Claim To State Farm</u>

24. On March 11, 2005, DR. NOVACK submitted his underinsurance claim to STATE FARM under his umbrella policy of 75-J569-04. DR. NOVACK notified STATE FARM that the third party claims settled for policy limits of \$250,000. Attached as **Exhibit 2** is a true and correct copy of the March 11 letter.

D. STATE FARM's Ten Month Delay In Making A Coverage Determination

- 26. On March 18, 2005, STATE FARM sent a letter to DR. NOVACK stating that his umbrella policy may not have been included in his umbrella policy, and STATE FARM was reserving its rights. Attached as **Exhibit 3** is a true and correct copy of the March 18 letter to DR. NOVACK's.
- 27. On March 18, 2005, STATE FARM also sent a letter to DR. NOVACK's attorney confirming a March 16, 2005 phone conference stating that STATE FARM's records did not indicate uninsured motor coverage under the Personal Liability Umbrella Policy. Attached as **Exhibit 4** is a true and correct copy of the March 18 letter to DR. NOVACK's attorney.

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- 1 28. On March 18, 2005, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent a letter stating that DR.
- 2 NOVACK understood uninsured motorist coverage was included in his \$3,000,000
- 3 policy, and enclosed medical reports and bills as well as a Loss of Income verification.
- 4 Attached as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct copy of the March 18 letter from DR.
- 5 NOVACK's attorney.
- 29. On March 28, 2005, STATE FARM confirmed receipt of the medical bills and loss of earnings documentation, but stated it was still investigating the issues of policy coverage. Attached as **Exhibit 6** is a true and correct copy of the March 28,
- 9 2005 letter from STATE FARM.
 - 30. On April 14, May 13, June 13, and July 11, 2005, STATE FARM sent identical form letters stating they were investigating coverage for the accident. Attached as **Exhibit 7** are true and correct copies of the April 14, May 13, June 13, and July 11, 2005 letters from STATE FARM.
 - 31. An MRI performed in July 2005 revealed disc protrusion at C5-6 and a broad-based disc bulge at C6-7.
 - 32. On July 29, 2005, DR. NOVACK'S attorney sent a letter to STATE FARM stating that DR. NOVACK had been receiving the same letter stating that a coverage determination was pending coverage counsel's opinion and requested that STATE FARM make a decision. Attached as **Exhibit 8** are true and correct copies of the July 29, 2005 letter from DR. NOVACK's attorney.
 - 33. On August 18 and October 4, 2005, STATE FARM sent additional form letters stating the a determination pertaining to coverage was pending their coverage counsel's opinion. Attached as **Exhibit 9** is a true and correct copy of the August 18 and October 4, 2005 letters from STATE FARM.
 - 34. On October 17, 2005, it was agreed that STATE FARM would take DR. NOVACK'S statement on November 3, 2005. Attached as **Exhibit 10** are true and correct copies of the letters confirming the date of DR. NOVACK's statement.
 - 35. DR. NOVACK's statement was taken on November 3, 2005.

i	36.	On November 30, 2005 and December 28, 2005, STATE FARM sent
additio	onal for	rm letters that a coverage determination was still pending. Attached as
Exhib	i t 11 a	re true and correct copies of the November 30 and December 28, 2005
letters	from S	STATE FARM.
	37.	On January 24, 2006, ten months after the claim was first submitted,
STAT	E FAR	M advised DR. NOVACK that they would adjust DR. NOVACK'S uninsured
motor	vehic	e claim subject to his PLUP Policy limit of \$3,000,000. Attached as Exhibit
12 is	a true a	and correct copy of STATE FARM's attorney's January 24, 2006 letter
accep	oting co	overage.
E.	<u>Unin</u>	sured Motorist Vehicle Coverage Provisions In PLUP Policy
	38.	The PLUP as amended by endorsement FE-7655.1 provides:

"UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE COVERAGE

This coverage applies to the operation of your automobile if the coverage is listed with a coverage amount in the Declarations. This coverage will also apply to the operation of your Recreational Motor Vehicles if the listing also states, 'including Recreational Motor Vehicles."

39. Coverage U – Uninsured Motor Vehicle of endorsement FE-7655.1 states:

We will pay, up to the Coverage U limit, the amount which you and your passengers are legally entiled to recover as bodily injury damages from the owner or driver of an uninsured motor vehicle.

These conditions apply:

- 1. You must maintain underlying limits for uninsured motor vehicle coverage equal to the limits listed in the **Declarations**. If these underlying limits are not maintained, this coverage will not apply.
- 2. The **retained limit** for Coverage U is the total amount received for the loss from or on behalf of the liable party plus the amount received from your underlying coverage, but not less than the amount of your required underlying limits.
- 3. We will pay only the amount in excess of the **retained limit** up to the Coverage U limit per **loss**.
- 4. This coverage will apply only when damages are paid by or on behalf of the liable party or there is payment by your underlying coverage.
- 5. This coverage will apply only in accordance with the terms and conditions of your underlying **Uninsured Motorist Coverage**.

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1		6. Any payment made to a person under this coverage shall reduce
2		any amount payable to that person under Coverage L – Personal Liability. This doe not reduce the limit of liability required by law.
3		 The limits of liability are not increased because: a. more than one vehicle is insured under this policy; or
4		b. more than one person is insured at the time of the accident."
5	40.	"Uninsured Motor Vehicle" is defined under the endorsement as:
6		"1. a land motor vehicle, the ownership, maintenance or use of which
7		is: b. insured, or bonded for bodily injury liability at the time of the
8		accident, but
9		(2) the limits of liability:(a) are less than the limits you carry for uninsured
10		motor vehicle coverage under the policy; or (b) have been reduced by payments to persons
11		other than an insured to an amount less than
12		the limits you carry for uninsured motor vehicle coverage under this policy."
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F. <u>Demand To Settle The Underinsured Case For Policy Limits</u>.

- 41. On January 30, 2006, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent to STATE FARM the updated report of David Campion, M.D., a list of cancelled surgical cases for <u>only</u> 2005 totaling \$1,409,000 and DR. NOVACK's medical charges for <u>just for calendar year</u> 2005 were \$13,983.92. DR. NOVACK's attorney also stated "this matter should be settled for the policy limits under DR. NOVACK's uninsured coverage." A true and correct copy of the January 30, 2006 letter is attached as **Exhibit 13**.
- 42. On February 24, 2006, STATE FARM's attorney noticed the deposition of DR. NOVACK for April 10, 2006 and set a defense medical examination for March 8, 2006. Attached as **Exhibit 14** is a true and correct copy of the February 24, 2006 letter from STATE FARM's attorneys.
- 43. The defense medical examination was conducted as scheduled on March 8, 2006 by Dr. Keith Liberman.

•	44.	On March 9, 2006, DR. NOVACK underwent surgery. Dr. Bray performed
a right	intrala	minar laminectomy and mesial facetectomy of C5-6 and bilateral C6-7
intralir	ninar la	aminotomy, mesial facetectomy and foraminotomy.

- 45. DR. NOVACK's deposition was started on April 10, 2006. Volume 2 of his deposition was taken on May 10, 2006.
- 46. On August 22, 2006, STATE FARM was provided documentation to show the number of surgeries performed by DR. NOVACK to that date. Attached as **Exhibit**15 is a true and correct copy of the August 22, 2006 letter to STATE FARM's counsel.
- 47. On September 22, 2006, DR. NOVACK's attorney provided medical bills and records incurred since March 31, 2006, including Dr. Bray's records, to STATE FARM's attorneys. A true and correct copy of the September 22, 2006 letter is attached as **Exhibit 16.**
- 48. On October 20, 2006, DR. NOVACK's attorney submitted to STATE FARM's attorneys a list of cases DR. NOVACK referred to other plastic surgeons because he was unable to operate more than two days a week. A true and correct copy of the October 20, 2006 letter is attached as **Exhibit 17**.
- 49. On November 1, 2006, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent by certified mail a clear and unequivocal letter to STATE FARM'S attorneys demanding settlement for the UIM policy limits stating:

"It has been over a year since State Farm accepted UIM coverage for Dr. Novack's accident of December 10, 2002. [¶] Since that time your office did a great deal of discovery and it is now time to settle Dr. Novack's claim for the UIM coverage of \$3,000,000 less \$250,000 already paid by the third party carrier.... [¶] As of this date, Dr. Novack is still limited to operating only one or two days a week which results in a continuing loss of income and the ability to generate a great deal more, [¶] From the information our office provided your office, Dr. Novack's answers to the interrogatories to your office, his testimony at his deposition and the information obtained by your office it is clear that Dr. Novack's damages exceeds his policy limits. In view of the above, I hereby demand that State Farm tender the policy limits of \$3,000,000.00 less the \$250,000.00 already paid by the third party carrier. The offer to settle for the policy limits shall remain open until December 1, 2006."

l	A true and correct copy of this November 1, 2006 letter to S	TATE FAR	M settle for the
2	policy limits is attached as Exhibit 18.	3	

50. On November 10, 2006, STATE FARM's attorneys acknowledged receipt of the policy limits demand, but stated "our investigation and discovery into Dr. Novack's loss of earning capacity claim is still ongoing . . ." A true and correct copy of this November 10, 2006 letter is attached as **Exhibit 19**.

G. Repeated Demands For Arbitration And Policy Limits Demand

- 51. On January 30, 2007, DR. NOVACK's attorney made a first DEMAND FOR ARBITRATION. Attached as **Exhibit 20** is a true and correct copy of this January 30, 2007 letter.
- 52. On July 6, 2007, DR. NOVACK's attorney made their second DEMAND FOR ARBITRATION. Attached as **Exhibit 21** is the July 6, 2007 letter demanding arbitration, as well as a July 17, 2007 letter enclosing a copy of the July 6, 2007 letter.
- 53. On July 6, 2007, DR. NOVACK's attorney made his second unequivocal demand for policy limits, and which would remain open until August 1, 2007. DR. NOVACK's counsel also enclosed documentation from DR. NOVACK's CPA demonstrating the present value of his lost income to date of \$6,106,702.82, significantly exceeding the policy limits. A true and correct copy of this July 6, 2007 letter is attached as **Exhibit 22**.
- 54. DR. NOVACK continued to experience severe pain, weakness, and disability from his neck down his right arm. His days became filled with making decisions regarding pain management.

H. Continued Demands To Settle For Policy Limits

55. A Mediation took place on September 5, 2007, and the matter did not settle.

- 1 56. On October 18, 2007, STATE FARM's Counsel was informed that Michael Alder, Esq., was attorney of record DR. NOVACK.
 - 57. In the early part of November, 2007, STATE FARM's counsel Steve Pasarow, Esq., spoke on the phone with DR. NOVACK's attorney, Mr. Alder. Mr. Alder informed Mr. Pasarow that STATE FARM should pay the policy limit and that STATE FARM was committing bad faith because DR. NOVACK's case was not a "cookiecutter" type of case, and that STATE FARM did not seem to understand the nuances of an extremely high-end plastic surgery practice.
 - 58. On November 5, 2007, Dr. Brian King's (one of DR. NOVACK's treating doctors) deposition was taken, and he clearly related the disc herniation and the DR. NOVACK's injuries to the subject accident.
 - 59. On November 8, 2007, Dr. Greenfield's (one of DR. NOVACK's treating doctors) deposition was taken and Dr. Greenfield testified that in his opinion DR. NOVACK's neck injury was caused by the accident.
 - 60. When DR. NOVACK could no longer endure the severe pain, he underwent an emergency surgery. On November 13, 2007, DR. NOVACK underwent a 2 level anterior endoscopic microdiscectomy performed by Dr. Stanton Schiffer, M.D., in Fremont, California.
 - 61. On November 14, 2007 DR. NOVACK's counsel advised STATE FARM's counsel of the surgery and stated "this latest medical procedure is yet another reason why STATE FARM should tender its policy limits." A true and correct copy of this November 14, 2007 letter is attached as **Exhibit 23**.
 - 62. As a result of his November 13, 2007 surgery, DR. NOVACK was unable to perform surgeries on his regular surgery days of Tuesday and Thursday for two months. On Tuesdays, DR. NOVACK would perform face-lifts with fees ranging from \$75,000-\$100,000 or more. On Thursdays, DR. NOVACK would perform multiple procedures (or combination procedures on a single patient). Fees on Thursdays would total roughly \$80,000. On Thursday, DR. NOVACK might perform a rhinoplasy

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2007 letter is attached as Exhibit 24.

abnormal MRI, DR. ROTHMAN's report states:

1	with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with osteotomy with a fee of \$45,000-\$50,000 followed by a full-face transfer with osteotomy with osteoto	with a fee
2	of \$30,000.	

- 3 63. On November 19, 2007, STATE FARM's counsel sent correspondence to DR. NOVACK's counsel stating that STATE FARM's position was contained in the reports of their retained experts Dr. James Kent ("Dr. Kent"), Dr. Keith Liberman ("Dr. Liberman") and DR. ROTHMAN. Dr. Kent is a kinesiologist retained by STATE FARM. Dr. Liberman is an orthopedic surgeon retained by STATE FARM. DR. ROTHMAN is a radiologist retained by STATE FARM. A true and correct copy of this November 19,
 - 64. DR. ROTHMAN issued a report on June 8, 2007. A true and correct copy of DR. ROTHMAN's June 8, 2007 report is attached as **Exhibit 25**. Regarding the initial

"Why would one do an MRI scan of the cervical spine following an accident unless the patient had severe neurological injury? It's hard to imagine that having occurred considering how normal this MRI scan is. We see the same broad-based disc bulge present on here that you see on all the other studies. This type of abnormality is never caused by recent trauma. . . ." (Pg. one-pg. two)

DR. ROTHMAN concludes "I note from these reports that Brian Novack is an M.D. I didn't know that when this started. That probably accounts for the fact that he has so many useless MRI scans. It's very easy for doctors to get overscanned, as he certainly has. . . . [¶] The only thing I can say here is that the pathology that was operated on was existing years before the accident in question." (Pg. 4)

65. On November 27, 2007, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent STATE FARM's counsel a letter stating that DR. ROTHMAN, Dr. Kent and Dr. Liberman were biased and none were impartial. As to DR. ROTHMAN, DR. NOVACK's attorney states:

"As I am sure we will learn when State Farm responds to my discovery, Dr. Rothman's defense-oriented opinions were well known to State Farm before Dr. Novack's accident even happened. Dr. Rothman has gone on record literally thousands of times stating that a disc bulge cannot be caused by trauma and that a herniation can only be caused by catastrophic trauma akin to severing the spinal cord. Dr. Rothman earns well over \$2,000,000 a year doing defense medical examinations, 99.9% of which are utterly one-sided in favor of the

insurance company. Dr. Rothman has performed research on which words are best used at trial to limit jury verdicts and has given speeches on how to defeat plaintiffs' case."

DR. NOVACK's attorney enclosed the MRI images of DR. NOVACK's cervical spine taken the day after his accident, and circled the herniation which impinged on the spinal cord. A true and correct copy of this November 27, 2007 letter is attached as **Exhibit 26**.

66. On November 27, 2007, DR. NOVACK's counsel sent correspondence to STATE FARM's attorney stating that DR. NOVACK underwent a 2 level anterior endoscopic microdiscectomy with a surgeon's fee of \$13,780, and the estimates of his loss of earnings were at \$500,000. A true and correct copy of the November 27, 2007 letter is attached as Exhibit 27.

I. State Farm Refuses To Respond To Proper Discovery

- 67. On or about October 19, 2007, DR. NOVACK's attorneys served on STATE FARM a Request for Production of Documents and Special Interrogatories pertaining to the income that DR. ROTHMAN, Dr. Kent and Dr. Liberman and were paid by STATE FARM over the last 10 years. STATE FARM responded on November 30, 2007 objecting to responding to discovery pertaining to how much money STATE FARM had paid the doctors over the last 10 years, and refused to provide substantive responses. The text of discovery requests and responses are included in DR. NOVACK's Separate Statements filed and served with their motions to compel. A true and correct copy of the Separate Statement pertaining to the Separate Statement pertaining to the Separate Statement pertaining to the Request for Production of Documents is attached as Exhibit 29.
- 68. On December 31, 2007, DR. NOVACK's counsel sent a meet and confer letter to STATE FARM stating that the discovery was designed to discover the financial bias of the doctors which STATE FARM was relying upon, the number of times they had

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- been used, and the long term relationships between STATE FARM and these doctors.
- 2 A true and correct copy of the December 31, 2007 letter is attached as Exhibit 30.
- 3 69. On January 23, 2008, STATE FARM's counsel responded to the
- 4 December 31, 2007 letter by stating that STATE FARMS would stand by their
- 5 objections and would not disclose the information sought by the discovery requests
- 6 pertaining to DR. ROTHMAN, Dr. Kent and Dr. Liberman. A true and correct copy of
- 7 this January 23, 2008 letter is attached as Exhibit 31.
- 8 70. On January 24, 2008, DR. NOVACK filed a Petition to Commence
- 9 Discovery in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, West District.
- The case, which was assigned case number SC096820 was assigned to the Honorable
- John L. Segal. A true and correct copy of the Petition is attached as Exhibit 32.
 - 71. On January 31, 2008, DR. NOVACK'S counsel sent STATE FARM's counsel correspondence stating that the "main disagreement between our clients is the extent to which State Farm is required to disclose information regarding how much money it paid to the experts involved in this case." A true and correct copy of the
- January 31, 2008 letter is attached as Exhibit 33.
 - 72. On February 1, 2008, DR. NOVACK filed motions to compel further responses to Special Interrogatories and Production of Documents seeking to compel responses to the discovery of the financial bias of the doctors retained by STATE FARM as experts. The motion to compel hearing was set for March 4, 2008. True and correct copies of these motions are attached as **Exhibits 34** and **35**.
 - 73. On February 22, 2008, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent correspondence to STATE FARM's attorney that the November 13, 2007 surgery resulted in a loss of income to DR. NOVACK of \$775,000 \$900,000. A true and correct copy of this February 22, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 36**.
 - 74. On March 4, 2008, a hearing was held for the two motions to compel before the Judge Segal. The Court granted the motion the motion to compel as to the Special Interrogatories. As to the Requests for Production of Documents, the Court

1	grant	ted the motion to compel as to Requests 9, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24 and
2	25.	STATE FARM was ordered to serve verified responses within ten days. A true
3	and o	correct copy of the Notice of Ruling on the motions to compel is attached as

Exhibit 37.

- 75. After expiration of the ten days to respond as ordered by the Court, on March 18, 2008, STATE FARM appeared ex parte "to Extend the Time in Which to Respond to Court Ordered Discovery." The Court granted the ex parte and ordered that STATE FARM respond within thirty days from March 4, 2008 instead of the ten days originally ordered. The Court deferred ruling on whether STATE FARM waived its objections in its further responses to special interrogatories and request for production. Attached as Exhibit 38 is a true and correct copy of the transcript of the hearing on the March 18 ex parte. A true and correct copy of the Notice of Ruling on the March 18, 2008 ex parte is attached as Exhibit 39.
- 76. On April 2, 2008, DR. NOVACK's counsel sent a letter to STATE FARM's counsel again requesting an arbitration date. DR. NOVACK's counsel further states:

"State Farm's behavior and lack of response to its insured is simply callous and unconscionable. Dr. Novack has now been forced to withdraw the remainder of his home equity line of credit. He has put his home up for sale and has been forced to liquidate investment property which he has owned for the past eight years. Obviously, now is not the best time to be selling either piece of property. These additional losses have been caused by State Farm's bad faith refusal to timely pay its policy.

Earlier today, Dr. Novack received a steroid injection from Dr. Nocola for his neck and shoulder pain. Yesterday, Dr. Novack had an EMG with Dr. David Campion, essentially finding the same continued nerve abnormality.

Last month, Dr. Novack was forced to have a cervical epidural and translaminal nerve block with Dr. Brian King at Landmark Imaging.

Dr. Novack is very concerned about his practice and ability to survive economically. Although Dr. Bray and his associate, Dr. Vorshook, have requested a compassionate use waiver for experimental disk replacement for Dr. Novack, there is no guarantee that (1) the waiver will be granted or (2) that Dr. Novack will agree to the surgery due to the chance it may destroy his ability to operate."

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A true and correct copy of the April 2, 2008 letter is attached as Exhibit 40.

- 77. On April 8, 2008, DR. NOVACK's counsel sent a letter to STATE FARM's attorney stating that STATE FARM for the second time failed to respond to the court-ordered discovery. A true and correct copy of this April 8, 2008 correspondence is attached as **Exhibit 41**.
- 78. On April 8, 2008, STATE FARM's counsel inquired whether DR.

 NOVACK's attorney would agree to a confidentiality order. A true and correct copy of this April 8, 2008 correspondence is attached as **Exhibit 42**.
- 79. On April 8, 2008, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent a second letter on that date to STATE FARM's counsel stating that Dr. Novack would appear ex parte on April 10, 2008 in Dept. O in Santa Monica seeking to compel responses, and for an ex parte application for sanctions for violation of a court order. A true and correct copy of this April 8, 2008 correspondence is attached as **Exhibit 43**.
- 80. On April 10, 2008, DR. NOVACK's attorneys appeared ex parte to compel discovery responses and to shorten time for a Motion for Sanctions. STATE FARM's attorneys made no appearance. The Court ordered STATE FARM to personally serve responses to the discovery previously ordered on March 4 by April 14, 2008. The Court also set a hearing date for a Motion for Sanctions for April 17, 2008. A true and correct copy of the Notice of Ruling from the April 10, 2008 Ex Parte is attached as **Exhibit 44**.
- 81. On April 14, 2008, STATE FARM's counsel sent correspondence to DR. NOVACK's attorneys stating that they had miscalendared the ex parte, and would appear ex parte on April 15, 2008 for relief from the April 10 order, and for a protective order to prevent dissemination of the information contained in the responses to the requested discovery. A true and correct copy of the April 14, 2008 correspondence is attached as **Exhibit 45**.
- 82. On April 15, 2008, counsel for STATE FARM and DR. NOVACK appeared in Dept. O before Judge Segal. A true and correct transcript of the hearing is attached as **Exhibit 46**. At the hearing counsel for STATE FARM admitted that she had the

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1	discovery responses but did not have the signed verifications (April 15 Transcript, Page
2	2, line 16-22). When the Court instructed STATE FARM's counsel to turn over the
3	discovery responses and mail the verifications later, STATE FARM's counsel responded
4	"here is the issue that I have, that again, I've never been in this position and it's very
5	difficult one for me" (April 15 Transcript, Page 3, lines 25-27) and took the position that
6	the experts were not designated and all that should be produced is the reports. (April
7	15 Transcript, Page 3, lines 27-Page 4 line 4). The Court then inquired:
8	"THE COURT: Well, they are going to testify in the arbitration, right?

83. At the April 15, 2008 hearing, STATE FARM's counsel further stated "All I want - and I'm not asking for a whole lot –is just that they don't disseminate this information outside of this case." (April 15 Transcript, Page 3, line 28 through page 4 line 2) "All I'm asking is that the information not be disseminated outside of his firm. I've got the information. I just want that protective order that he keeps it to himself . . ." (April 15 Transcript, Page 5, line 12-14).

MS, GROVER [STATE FARM's COUNSEL]: Yes, I can't say they're not. . . ."

84. Upon further inquiry at the hearing on April 15, 2008, STATE FARM's counsel refused to respond to the discovery that had been court ordered on March 4, 2008, even though STATE FARM's counsel stated she had brought the responses to the discovery with her:

"THE COURT: Well, she says she's giving them to you today.

MR. ALDER [DR. NOVACK'S COUNSEL]: I know

THE COURT: You're not?

MS. GROVER: You [sic] can't?

(April 15 Transcript, Page 3, lines 5-8)

THE COURT: I thought you just you were going to.

MS. GROVER: I have to take it up -- I have to take a writ. I said I brought it --

MR. ALDER: -- Not.

1	MS. GROVER: to show my good faith that <u>I'm not</u> trying to disregard court orders, I'm taking this very very seriously, but I also have people who are
2	telling me not to disclose this information"
3	(April 15 Transcript, Page 10, lines 6 through 18)(emphasis added)
4	The Court hearing continued where the Court confirmed that it had already
5	ordered the discovery to be responded to:
6 7	"MR. ALDER: Your honor, I'd like you to order that she give me the discovery right now. She's admitted that she has it in hand.
8	THE COURT: I've already done that.
9 10	MR. ALDER: She said she wasn't going to give it to me. When we leave her, it's going to be I've got to come back ex parte.
11	THE COURT: No, No, you're coming back Thursday.
12 13	MR. ALDER: Well, she just said, "I have the Discovery" You said "Okay, give it to her give it to him," and she just told us in open court, "I can't do that. I'm not going to do that." So when we leave here, despite now three court orders
14 15	MS. GROVER: Well
16	MR. ALDER: Wait a minute.
17	THE COURT: I didn't order it just now. I asked.
18 19 20 21	MR. ALDER: No, this is the order from last Thursday, which then became yesterday, both of which were blown. That now she's in court with the discovery and just told us in open court "I'm not giving it to Mr. Alder." At some point your honorand I know you're being very tolerant for both side you've got to put the hammer down.
22	THE COURT: I've already done that.
23	MR. ALDER: Well
24 25	THE COURT: I issued an order, and you didn't get it. So you filed a motion for some kind of sanction, and that's going to be heard Thursday.
26	MS. GROVER: It's not getting continued now?
2 2 2 2 1 5	THE COURT: No, because there's no reason to. You're not providing the discovery. I think what you need is
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	1	MS. GROVER: Well, I need more time. If I can go into chambers, I'll explain everything. I just can't disclose it on the record.
	2	everything. I just can't disclose it on the record.
	3	THE COURT: You need more time for what?
	4	MS. GROVER: Now to file a writ.
	5	THE COURT: But you had since when did I make this original ruling?
	6	MR. ALDER: You made it 35 days ago.
	7 8	THE COURT: That's
	9	MR. ALDER: 37 days ago, I think."
	10	(April 15 Transcript, page 11, line 10 through page 12, line 21).
	11	85. The Court at the April 15, 2007 hearing summarized the chronology of
	12	events regarding STATE FARM's refusal to comply with the Court's previous orders:
	13	"THE COURT: But it's more than that. I mean, I can review the history, but the order is March 4, 2008. You had ten days to comply.
	14 15	MS. GROVER: And I messed up on that one too.
i	16 17	THE COURT: You didn't. And you came in and said 'Can I have some more time?' I said 'Sure. You can have some more time. You can have until April 3.' So the first deadline came, and we extended it. And April 3rd came and went, right
1	18 19	MR. ALDER: Which was acknowledged in their papers today that they knew that date was
	20212223	THE COURT: then came April 10 th . So put yourself in my position. All I do is issue orders. And people comply or they don't. So there wasn't so then I said, 'Okay, April 3 rd has come' sorry. What did I extend to. April 34d has come and gone and there is no production. So he filed a motion. MR. ALDER: Extended it to yesterday.
	24 25	THE COURT: Here is what's going to happen, right? I'll issue whatever order it is. You really won't comply. All I can do I have the sanctions. You got any other ideas?
والمراد	26 27	MR. GROVER: Can the Court put the motion for sanctions, give us one more week, put it a week from
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	28	THE COURT: You still
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		TARRED AND DEMAND FOR THE LINE THE

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2	MS. GROVER: 1 know.		
3	THE COURT: You still have to comply.		
4	MS. GROVER: I will. I understand.		
5 6	THE COURT: You just told me you're not going to. I realize you are just the messenger. Someone may be sending you here."		
7	[April 15 transcript, Page 15, lines 6 through Page 16, line 8](emphasis added)		
8 9	86. On April 15, 2008, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent a letter to STATE		
·10	FARM's attorney. A true and correct copy of the April 15, 2008 letter is attached as		
11	Exhibit 47. DR. NOVACK's attorney states:		
12	"State Farm's willful and intentional disobedience of now the third court order (and admission of it on record) continues to shock and amaze me. This is a first		
13	party case where State Farm owes – at a minimum – the same obligation and duties to its insured as it does to itself. Clearly, State Farm is placing its interests		
14	over its insured's by unnecessarily delaying paying policy limits in this case, in an attempt to avoid responding to discovery.		
15			
16	Unfortunately, the damage to Dr. Novack from State Farm's continued failure to tender the policy limits continues to get worse and worse. Dr. Novack's neck is		
17	very unstable. He has lost an inch in height. His most recent MRI report (which		
18	is attached) shows a further 2 mm bulge superimposed on his 3 m bulge, which is significantly impinging on the spinal cord. This is not surprising, as I have		
been telling you for several weeks about his continu	been telling you for several weeks about his continued and increasing pain and		
20	complaints.		
21	Dr. Novack's continued medical problems are having a catastrophic effect on his medical practice [1]] The refusal of State Farm to tender its policy limits has		

effect on his limits has caused Dr. Novack an extraordinary amount of emotional distress. He is caught in a continuing cycle of having to work to pay his large overhead, at the expense of his never being able to fully attempt to recuperate. If he had money from State Farm, he would at least have the ability to take a short step back. . . .

This letter is AGAIN a demand that State Farm immediately tender its policy limits." (emphasis in original)

(April 15, 2008 letter from Dr. Novack's attorney to State Farm's attorneys)

On April 16, 2008, STATE FARM filed a writ and request for a stay of enforcement of the Court's March 4, 2008 order with the Court of Appeal.

	88.	On April 16, 2008, the Court of Appeal issued an order that in order to give
the co	urt the	opportunity to review the petition, the enforcement order was stayed, and
oppos	ition to	the writ must be filed on or before May 12, 2008 and a reply brief must be
filed o	n or be	fore May 21, 2008.

89. On April 17, 2008, the parties again appeared in front of Judge Segal. A true and correct transcript of the hearing is attached as **Exhibit 48**. Judge Segal noted that his March 4, 2008 order was stayed by the Court of Appeal, and that he had read the brief. The Court then noted that on Page 33 of the Petition for a Writ State Farm stated:

THE COURT: On page 33, I have a question about what you wrote:

MS. GROVER: Okay.

THE COURT: I'll read it to you.

MS. GROVER: I've got it.

THE COURT: State Farm is not requesting that the Court limit the scope of the disclosure, although there are cases which support such a ruling, now State Farm is simply seeking a ruling preventing claimant and his attorney from disseminating the information to persons disinterested in this legal proceeding. I assume you mean uninterested, but in any event - -

MS. GROVER: I did mean uninterested . . .

THE COURT: If I'm reading it incorrectly, you're not requesting that the Court of Appeal limit the scope of the disclosure. You're only requesting the ruling preventing claimant and his attorney from disseminating it, presumably putting it up on the website, or whatever.

I guess my question is, if that's true, and since you wrote it, it must be true, then why don't I just issue the protective order now? You can turn over the information, and we'll just wait for the Court of Appeal to deal with the narrower issue of whether it gets disseminated.

MR. ALDER: I'd accept that

MS. GROVER: That was what I was asking for on Monday."

(April 17, 2008 transcript, page 2, line 16 to Page 28; Page 3, line 12 to 22).

1	90. As the April 17, 2008 hearing progressed, the Court offered to issue a			
2	protective order precisely as STATE FARM proposed to the Court of Appeal so DR.			
3	NOVACK'S attorney could have the information they requested:			
4	THE COURT: What protective order would you like? That he not disseminate			
5	it to anyone other than his client?			
6	MS. GROVER: Not even his client. The order that I presented to the Court was just to his expert and to the even I don't even see why the expert needs it.			
7	Just to the Arbitrator.			
8	THE COURT: And co-counsel?			
9	MS. GROVER: Co-counsel.			
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11	THE COURT: So why don't I issue that order? He can have it now, and the Court of Appeal will only have to deal with the much narrower issue of whether it			
12	should be disseminated "			
13	(April 17, 2008 transcript, Page 4, lines 5 through 16)			
14	91. STATE FARM's counsel then changed their position during the April 17			
15	hearing as predicted by DR. NOVACK's attorney:			
16	MR. ALDER: Judge, I think what they're and you're right, we have			
17	statements not filed with the Appellate Court. I think what they are going to say is 'Oh, we've got to think about it,' and then they're going to amend their writ to try to get out of it. So I would agree to that right now. They brought the			
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19	discovery three days ago. I'm sure they have it now, if not.			
20	THE COURT: No, it was in a folder before. She was waiving it in front of you.			
21	MR. ALDER: I'll leave her and driver over to their office. I'll even give Ms.			
22	Grover a ride.			
23	MR. PASAROW (STATE FARM's counsel): I think she can driver herself. She doesn't want to be with Mr. Alder any more than she has to			
24	THE COURT: Protective Order.			
25	MR. PASAROW: We appreciate and respect Mr. Alder's position, but we'd like			
[26 _]	an opportunity to consider the Court's suggestion, and we'd like to have another opportunity to come back after we had a chance to consider what has been said			
20, 27, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28, 28	here today.			
28	(April 17, 2008 transcript, Page 5, line 5-23)			
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92.	The Court then noted that STATE FARM had been taking inconsistent
positions and	l intentionally violated a Court order:

"THE COURT: I've got to say, I'm going to let the Court of Appeal decide this, obviously, but the positions that the respondents have been taking, they keep changing. They're not the same."

(April 17, 2008 Transcript, Page 6, lines 13-16)

MR. ALDER: If I may, just the last thing I'd say, in effect then, what it allows is what happened. I've got three separate orders, and they [State Farm] said, "I'm not going to do it.' And this allows them to do it as many times as necessary in hopes that maybe somewhere down the line the Court of Appeal will say not. It just completely ignores the process by which we have to go through. And for a litigant like State Farm to utilize the Court as much as they do and just to say 'I don't have to listen to you, Judge' --

"THE COURT: Well, the one thing unique about this case was not only was there intentional violation of the order, it was actually in Court, in open Court. Usually people just violate orders at home. Here, you came into Court, said 'I have the information,' showed it to me, and said 'I'm not going to comply with your order.' It's a little unusual, but if you're right, then after the Court of Appeals rules, even if they grant the writ and reverse, then there may be a time to have a hearing on what you're saying, which is that, forget about the propriety of the March 4th order, it was an intentional violation. . . ."
(April 17, 2008 transcript, Page 13, lines 8-27)

- 93. On April 17, 2008, DR. NOVACK's attorney sent a letter confirming that following the hearing that STATE FARM's attorney had declined to confirm any offer had ever been made by STATE FARM to DR. NOVACK outside of mediation. STATE FARM'S counsel also declined to reconfirm the \$500,000 offer made a mediation. DR. NOVACK's attorney stated "I have tried everything I can to get State Farm to reasonably evaluate this case and offer what they believe the case is worth. In this clear case, with millions of dollars in damages, State Farm has offered my client zero." A true and correct copy of April 17, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 49** (emphasis in original.)
- 94. On April 18, 2008, STATE FARM's attorneys sent a letter by Facsimile and U.S. Mail to DR. NOVACK's attorneys in response to the April 15, 2008 letter.

11.

- STATE FARM's attorney states "We will have to simply agree to disagree regarding your assertions that this accident is the cause of the problems for Dr. Novack as
- outlined in your letter." A true and correct copy of this April 18, 2008 letter is attached as Exhibit 50.
 - 95. On April 18, 2008, STATE FARM's attorney sent a second letter that eay by Facsimile and U.S. Mail to DR. NOVACK's attorney stating that the \$500,000 offer had never been withdrawn. A true and correct copy of this April 18, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 51**.
 - 96. On April 18, 2008, STATE FARM's attorney sent a third letter that day to DR. NOVACK's attorneys stating that "State Farm's [slc] believes \$1,500,000 is within the fair range of value and we enclose State Farm's check for \$1,250,00 (\$1,500,000 minus the underlying liability payment of \$250,000) payable to Dr. Novack, your office and his prior attorney . . . " A true and correct copy of this April 18, 2008 along with the attached check is attached as **Exhibit 52**.
 - 97. STATE FARM's check for \$1,250,000 was handwritten two days earlier on April 16, 2008. Based on information and belief, the check was issued in response to the Trial Court's orders of March 4 and April 10 and April 15, and in an effort to avoid and circumvent STATE FARM's Court-ordered discovery obligations. The check further did not represent a reasonable and unbiased evaluation or investigation of DR. NOVACK's injuries which far exceeded the policy limits of \$3,000,000.
 - 98. On May 7, 2008, DR. NOVACK's counsel sent a letter to STATE FARM's attorneys regarding the partial payment, and the suspicious timing of such payments in relation to the Superior Court's discovery orders and given STATE FARM's position taken on the same day. A true and correct copy of this May 7, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 53**. DR. NOVACK's counsel stated:

"I have received State Farm's \$1,250,000 partial payment for Dr. Brian Novack. While I appreciate that State Farm finally has decided to make this partial payment toward Dr. Novack's claim, the timing of this payment is suspicious, to say the least. Your abrupt reversal of course, the *very same day* you sent me a letter stating that "[w]e will have to simply agree to disagree regarding your

assertions that this accident is the cause of the problems for Dr. Novack outlined in your letter," came fresh on the heels of the April 15th and 17th, 2008 discovery proceedings. There, as you will recall, the Superior Court noted that State Farm's refusal to produce discovery in the face of three court orders was "unique" and unprecedented.

The only conclusion that may be drawn from State Farm's sudden change of course and partial payment is that State Farm is playing games. It seems implausible that between the time of your first letter of April 18th (denying Causation) and your second letter (enclosing the partial payment), State Farm suddenly came to believe that the accident actually was "the cause of the problems for Dr. Novack"; rather, State Farm was at risk of being caught redhanded abusing the discovery process in a proceeding with its insured, having refused to make any reasonable offer to pay Dr. Novack's claim. This partial payment represents nothing more than a further calculated attempt to save money on this claim.

As you well know, from day one, State Farm has had an obligation to conduct a fair and balanced investigation on this first party claim. Both Mr. Milliken and I have supplied you with ample evidence that demonstrates, unequivocally, that this claim is worth well in excess of the \$2,750,000 policy limit. . . .

For more than one year, I have done everything in my power to get State Farm "off the dime" to pay this righteous and legitimate claim. . . .

But the reality is that the payment has come, not coincidentally, at a time when State Farm is facing serious discovery sanctions, having been ordered to produce long overdue discovery responses three times, and having refused to do so in flagrant disregard for court orders that the Superior Court noted it had rarely seen. State Farm now seeks extraordinary relief by way of a petition for writ of mandate, all in a further effort to prevent a swift resolution of Dr. Novack's claim.

Aside from the recent legal proceedings having come out against State Farm, nothing has changed regarding the substantial information you have on Dr. Novack's injuries and damages that would suggest a legitimate reason for State Farm's belated offer. Again, Dr. Novack has continued to suffer, and his injuries have only been compounded by State Farm's failure to pay the policy limit on this claim, and afford him some relief from the economic demands of his practice in order to heal. The only thing that has changed is that my client has been forced to endure another year of suffering without the ability to rely on his insurance proceeds to get better. There simply is nothing that a fair investigation of this claim would reveal over the past year — much less between the time of your two letters of April 18 — to cause a re-evaluation from a zero offer to \$1,250,000 (which, again, is still less than half of the true policy limit value of the claim.)

It is clear to me that State Farm only now is attempting to settle this claim because it wants to conceal from my client the information that it was ordered to produce by the Superior court, such order that will likely remain after the writ proceeding. State Farm has gone to unprecedented lengths to keep that information secret, cavalierly ignoring numerous orders of the Superior Court. State Farm must realize that it is not above the law, and not entitled to abuse the discovery process, particularly in litigation wherein it owes at least the same duties of fairness and equality to Dr. Novack – as State Farm's insured – as it does to itself. Does it really think that it can start offering a mere portion of the true value of this claim to get my client to walk away? The only conclusion that can been [sic] drawn from the recent payment is that it actually took a theat [sic] of sanctions and contempt from the Superior Court to get State Farm to start paying a claim. . . .

Now, that you seem to acknowledge that Dr. Novack is severely injured from this accident, why wouldn't you tender the policy? There is nothing that has indicated that the claim is worth ONLY \$1,500,000. State Farm is simply trying to have its cake and eat it, too." (Emphasis in original)

[May 7, 2008 letter from DR. NOVACK's attorney to STATE FARM's attorneys]

- 99. On May 16, 2008, STATE FARM's attorneys sent a letter to DR. NOVACK's attorney stating that there was no correlation between the discovery dispute and the partial payment, and there continues to be a disagreement on the valuation issues. A true and correct copy of this May 16, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 54**.
- 100. On May 29, 2008, STATE FARM's attorney sent a letter to DR. NOVACK's attorney that stated STATE FARM was willing to attend mediation, but was insisting on confidentiality. STATE FARM also inquired whether DR. NOVACK would take less than the policy limits. A true and correct copy of the May 29, 2008 letter is attached as **Exhibit 55**.
- 101. On June 19, 2008, DR. NOVACK's sent a letter to STATE FARM's attorney stating a willingness to go to mediation only if offers and demands are not shielded by confidentiality. DR. NOVACK's attorney further stated "This is yet another demand for the remaining policy limits." A true and correct copy is attached as **Exhibit** 56.
- 102. On July 18, 2008, STATE FARM settled the case and paid the remaining policy limits up to \$2,750,000 to DR. NOVACK.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing)
(As to Defendants STATE FARM and DOES 1 through 100)

PLAINTIFF BRIAN NOVACK FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT STATE FARM, AND DOES 1 THROUGH 100, INCLUSIVE, FOR BREACH OF THE IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING, ALLEGE:

- 103. Plaintiff refers to each and every paragraph of the General Allegations, and incorporates those paragraphs as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 104. Defendants STATE FARM and DOES 1 through 100 have breached their duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to their insured DR. NOVACK in the following respects:
 - (a) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing and refusing to give at least as much consideration to the interests of plaintiffs' as it gave to its own interests.
 - (b) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to accept a clear and unequivocal offer to settle the claim of DR. NOVACK for policy limits, at a time when STATE FARM knew that the liability was reasonably clear and the damages exceeded the policy limit;
 - (c) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to conduct a full, fair, and thorough investigation of all of the bases of plaintiff's claim;
 - (d) Unreasonably and in bad faith retaining and relying on biased experts who were adversarial to the plaintiffs, and who did not conduct a full, fair and thorough investigation of plaintiff's claim.
 - (e) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to diligently search for and consider evidence that supported settlement of the policy limits to plaintiff;
 - (f) Unreasonably and in bad faith delaying payment of benefits under the Policy to plaintiff, at a time when defendants knew that the plaintiff was entitled to such benefits under the terms of The Policy;

(g)	Unreasonably and in bad faith withholding benefits from the
plaintiffs, kn	owing that plaintiffs' claim for benefits under the Policy to be valid

- (h) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to effectuate, in good faith, a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim brought by plaintiff for his policy benefits, in which liability had become reasonably clear;
- (i) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to promptly provide a reasonable basis relied upon in the Policy, in relation to the applicable facts, for the delay of plaintiffs' claim for benefits; and
- (j) Unreasonably and in bad faith refusing to disclose and concealing the potential financial bias of the experts retained by STATE FARM;
- (k) Unreasonably and in bad faith failing to reasonably respond to discovery propounded by Plaintiff who sought information as to the potential financial bias of experts hired by STATE FARM;
- (I) Unreasonably and in bad faith refusing to comply with Court ordered discovery in an effort to conceal information from their insured as to the financial bias of the experts retained by STATE FARM.
- 105. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100 have breached their duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to them by other acts or omissions of which plaintiffs are presently unaware and which will be shown according to proof at the time of trial.
- 106. As a proximate result of the above-mentioned unreasonable and bad faith conduct by defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100, plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered, and will continue to suffer in the future, economic and consequential damages for a total amount to be shown at the time of trial.
- 107. As a further proximate result of the unreasonable and bad faith conduct of defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100, plaintiff DR. NOVACK was compelled to retain legal counsel to obtain the benefits due under the Policy. Therefore, defendants are liable to plaintiffs for those attorneys' fees, witness fees, and cost of

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- litigation reasonably necessary and incurred by plaintiffs in order to obtain the benefits under the Policy, in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
 - 108. As a further proximate result of the aforementioned wrongful conduct of Defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100, Plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered anxiety, worry, mental, and emotional distress, all to his general damages in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
 - 109. As a further proximate result of the unreasonable and bad faith conduct of Defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100, Plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered other consequential economic damages in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
 - herein was intended by defendants to cause injury to plaintiff or was despicable conduct carried on by defendants with a willful and conscious disregard of the rights of plaintiff, subjected plaintiff to cruel and unjust hardship in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights, or was an intentional misrepresentation, deceit, or concealment of a material fact known to defendants with the intention to deprive plaintiff of property or legal rights or to otherwise cause injury, such as to constitute malice, oppression or fraud under California Civil Code §3294, thereby entitling plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish or set an example of defendants.
 - 111. Defendants STATE FARM and Does 1 through 100 conduct described herein was undertaken by its corporate officers or managing agents, identified herein as DOES 1 through 100, who were responsible for claims supervision and operations, underwriting, communications, and/or decisions. The aforementioned conduct of said managing agents and individuals was therefore undertaken on behalf of the corporate defendants. Said corporate defendants further had advance knowledge of the actions and conduct of these individuals whose actions and conduct were ratified, authorized, and approved by managing agents whose precise identities are unknown to plaintiff at this time and are therefore identified and designated herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

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2	(Intentional Interference with a Contractual Relationship)
3	PLAINTIFF BRIAN NOVACK, FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR
4	INTENTIONAL INTERFERENCE WITH A CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIP AGAINST
5	DEFENDANT STEPHEN ROTHMAN, M.D.; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 100,
6	INCLUSIVE, ALLEGES:
7	112. Plaintiff refers to each and every paragraph of the General Allegations,
8	and incorporates those paragraphs as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
9	113. Defendant DR. ROTHMAN, and Does 1 through 100, and each of them,
10	were not parties to the insurance contract between plaintiff and STATE FARM, and was
11	not in contractual privity with the plaintiff.
12	114. Defendant DR. ROTHMAN, and Does 1 through 100 and each of them,
13	knew of the insurance contract between DR. NOVACK and STATE FARM.
14	115. Defendant DR. ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100 intended to disrupt
15	the performance of the contract between STATE FARM and DR. NOVACK by causing
16	STATE FARM to delay and/or withhold its payment of policy benefits to DR. NOVACK
17	by ignoring evidence supporting the claim, and minimizing DR. NOVACK's legitimate
18	injuries.
19	116. Specifically, defendants DR. ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100
20	interfered and disrupted the contract of plaintiff DR. NOVACK and STATE FARM in the
21	following manner:
22	(a) DR. ROTHMAN is a doctor that is routinely hired in third party
23	claims as an advocate for the third party defendants to intentionally minimize a
24	plaintiff's injuries;
25	(b) DR. ROTHMAN earns over \$2,000,000 per year doing defense
26	medical examinations which are one-sided and biased in favor of a third party
27	defendant;
28	(c) DR. ROTHMAN has performed research on which words are best
A. 103	
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used at trial to limit jury verdicts and has given speeches on how to defeat or minimize a plaintiff's case;

- (d) DR. ROTHMAN has gone on record numerous times stating a disc bulge cannot be caused by trauma and that a herniation can only be caused by catastrophic trauma akin to severing the spinal cord;
- (e) DR. ROTHMAN was hired as an advocate for the third party defendant against DR. NOVACK in his civil case to express his opinion in an effort to minimize plaintiff DR. NOVACK's legitimate injuries. As such, DR. ROTHMAN's retention as a third party's expert did not create any obligation on the part of DR. ROTHMAN to render unbiased opinions, or conduct a full, fair and thorough investigation as is required in a first party UM/UIM claim;
- (f) Despite knowing that his original retention in this case was by a third party defendant who is in an adversarial role against DR. NOVACK, DR. ROTHMAN also agreed to act as an expert for STATE FARM whose duty of good faith and fair dealing to their own insured included the duty to conduct a full, fair and thorough investigation of plaintiff's claims in a reasonable attempt to give their insured's interest at least as much consideration as their own.
- (g) DR. ROTHMAN intended to disrupt the contractual relationship and duty of good faith and fair dealing that STATE FARM owed to DR. NOVACK by rendering biased and one-sided opinion that did not fully and fairly consider the evidence supporting DR. NOVACK's claim. DR. ROTHMAN intended to ignore or minimize evidence that supported the claim in an effort to deprive plaintiff DR. NOVACK of the full benefits that were owed to and due under DR. NOVACK's insurance policy with STATE FARM.
- (h) DR. ROTHMAN further intended to disrupt the performance of the insurance contract by unreasonably and without proper cause seeking to prevent plaintiff DR. NOVACK from discovering information as to his financial bias.

117. There may have been other acts of defendants DR. ROTHMAN and
DOES 1 through 100 that interfered with the contract which are unknown to plaintiffs a
this time. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint according to proof at such
time as additional facts have been ascertained.

- 118. The conduct of DR. ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100 made prevented timely performance of the contract between DR. NOVACK and STATE FARM in the payment of the policy benefits, and/or made performance of the contract more difficult for STATE FARM and more expensive for DR. NOVACK.
- 119. As a proximate result of the intentional conduct of defendants DR.

 ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100, and each of them, STATE FARM unreasonably delayed in the performance of its contract and breached its implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing to DR. NOVACK.
- 120. As a proximate result of the above-mentioned conduct by defendants DR. ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100, plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered, and will continue to suffer in the future, economic and consequential damages for a total amount to be shown at the time of trial.
- 121. As a further proximate result of the aforementioned wrongful conduct of Defendants DR. ROTHMAN and Does 1 through 100, Plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered anxiety, worry, mental, and emotional distress, all to his general damages in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
- 122. As a further proximate result of the wrongful conduct of DR. ROTHMAN Does 1 through 100, Plaintiff DR. NOVACK has suffered other consequential economic damages in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
- 123. For the purposes of this cause of action plaintiff alleges that engaging in the conduct that forms the basis of this cause of action, defendant DR. ROTHMAN was not acting as an agent of STATE FARM, but was acting on his own behalf, in the furtherance of his own financial interests.

herein was intended by defendants to cause injury to plaintiff or was despicable conduct carried on by defendants with a willful and conscious disregard of the rights of plaintiff, subjected plaintiff to cruel and unjust hardship in conscious disregard of plaintiff's rights, or was an intentional misrepresentation, deceit, or concealment of a material fact known to defendants with the intention to deprive plaintiff of property or legal rights or to otherwise cause injury, such as to constitute malice, oppression or fraud under California Civil Code §3294, thereby entitling plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish or set an example of defendants.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

[CLASS ACTION]

(Injunctive and Restitutionary Relief Under California Business and Professions Code § 17200, et. seq.)

PLAINTIFF DR. BRIAN NOVACK FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AGAINST STATE FARM UNDER CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200, <u>ET. SEQ.</u>, ALLEGE:

A. Unlawful, unfair or fraudulent practices

- 125. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every paragraph of the Complaint as though set forth in full in this cause of action.
- 126. California Business & Professions Code § 17200 precludes a person or entity from engaging in unfair competition, defined as business practices which are unlawful, unfair or fraudulent. Business and Professions Code § 17203 permits the court in an action based on allegations of unfair competition to issue injunctive, restitutionary or other equitable relief, and any person who meets the standing requirements of California Business & Professions Code § 17204 and complies with California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 may pursue a representative action.

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- 127. California Business & Professions Code § 17204 permits individuals, such as Plaintiff, to institute an action on behalf of the general public to obtain injunctive and restitutive relief against persons and entities which engage in unfair business practices and/or unfair competition.
- 128. Plaintiff has suffered injury in fact as a result of the unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business practices of STATE FARM. STATE FARM breached the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing in failing to conduct a full, fair and thorough investigation of plaintiff's injuries and to withhold and delay payment of covered insurance benefits in reliance on DR. ROTHMAN who is financially biased against insureds due to the long-standing financial remuneration received from STATE FARM to render one-side opinions that ignore and/or minimize plaintiff's legitimate claims. This has caused plaintiff to suffer physical and emotional injuries as well as economic and consequential damages, plus interest, for a total amount to be proven at the time of trial. Additionally, DR. NOVACK was required to withdraw the remainder of his home equity line of credit. DR. NOVACK was required to put his home up for sale and has been forced to liquidate investment property which he has owned for eight years. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK also has been denied his legal rights to a full, complete and fair handling of his claims for benefits in violation of well-established principals of insurance claims handling set forth in statutory and case law.
- 129. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK had also suffered loss of money or property as a result of the unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business practices of STATE FARM. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK was deprived the timely payment benefits he was owed by STATE FARM under his policy and lost the use and benefit of the money he would have been able to obtain from such timely payment. As a result of STATE FARM's failure to timely pay benefits, DR. NOVACK was required to withdraw the remainder of his home equity line of credit. DR. NOVACK was required to put his home up for sale and has been forced to liquidate investment property which he has owned for eight years. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK also been denied his legal rights to a full, complete and fair handling of his

claim in violation of well-established principals of insurance claims handling set forth in		
statutory and case law. DR. NOVACK also lost money or property as a result of Court		
fees he was required to pay to seek to compel STATE FARM to properly respond to		
discovery and comply with discovery orders to disclose information as to the financial		
payments made by STATE FARM to its retained experts.		

- 130. By way of this third Cause of Action for violations of California Business & Professions Code § 17200, Plaintiff DR. NOVACK is seeking equitable relief only and is specifically not seeking recovery of damages at law.
- 131. Defendants, and each of them, have also committed acts of unfair competition as defined by California Business & Professions Code § 17200 by engaging in the following conduct:
 - (a) Unlawfully, unfairly or fraudulently repeatedly retaining DR.
 ROTHMAN as a biased expert in first party insurance claims who fails to reasonably consider evidence supporting its insured claims;
 - (b) Unlawfully, unfairly or fraudulently concealing from their insured's the financial bias of DR. ROTHMAN as an expert in first party insurance claims who STATE FARM retains and relies upon to fail to withhold timely payment of benefits of an insured's first party claim. Such concealment includes the amount of income that the expert has earned from STATE FARM, and the number of times the expert has been by STATE FARM to render opinions;
 - (c) Unlawfully, unfairly or fraudulently misrepresenting the so-called "independence" or non-bias of DR. ROTHMAN in first party claims, who has been repeatedly retained and has a long standing financial bias in favor of STATE FARM and against STATE FARM's insureds;
 - (d) Unlawfully, unfairly, or fraudulently repeatedly using biased experts, such as DR. ROTHMAN, who have a known bias and are adversarial against injured insureds for uninsured and/or underinsured motorist claims

without disclosing their known financial bias including the amounts they have
earned and the number of times they have been retained.

- 132. Plaintiff DR. NOVACK requests that a mandatory injunction be issued against Defendant STATE FARM, on his behalf and on behalf of the general public, requiring STATE FARM to disclose in every uninsured/underinsurance motorist first party claims within the last four years in California (1) the number of times an expert in which STATE FARM is relying upon has been retained by STATE FARM or by STATE FARM hired counsel, and (2) the amount of money that has been paid by STATE FARM directly, or by STATE FARM hired counsel on STATE FARM's behalf for each of the last four years.
- against Defendant STATE FARM, on his behalf and on behalf of the general public, requiring STATE FARM to disclose for future uninsured/underinsurance motorist first party claims in California (1) the number of times an expert in which STATE FARM is relying upon has been retained by STATE FARM or by STATE FARM hired counsel, and (2) the amount of money that has been paid by STATE FARM directly, or by STATE FARM hired counsel on STATE FARM's behalf for each of the last 10 years.
- 134. Plaintiff requests that the Court order any other and further equitable relief deemed necessary by the Court including, without limitation, an order of judgment restoring to every person in interest money or property which may have been acquired by Defendants by means of such unfair competition and/or order for restitutionary relief.
- 135. Plaintiff requests an award of attorneys' fees upon prevailing in the request for injunctive, equitable, and/or restitutionary relief pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5.

B. Class Allegations

136. Plaintiff only brings this Third Cause of Action as a class action for violations of California Business & Professions Code § 17200 on his own behalf and as

1	a class action on behalf of all others similarly situated, pursuant to California Code of		
2	Civil Procedure § 382. The issues this case addresses are of common interest to		
3	thousands of insureds of STATE FARM who have first party claims against STATE		
4	FARM, if not millions, are subjected to STATE FARM's unfair, unlawful, or fraudulent		
5	scheme of repeatedly retaining biased experts to evaluate first party claims who have		
6	long standing financial relationships with STATE FARM and who act only in STATE		
7	FARM's interest, without disclosing such financial bias and long term relationships with		
8	their insureds.		
9	137. Plaintiff is member of the class, his first party claims against STATE		
10	FARM are typical of the claims of the class members, and will fairly and adequately		
11	represent the interests of the class.		
12			
13	C. An Ascertainable Class Exists		
14	138. There exists numerous STATE FARM policy holders who have first party		
15	UM/UIM claims against STATE FARM.		
16	139. Subject to refinement based on information learned during discovery;		
17	Plaintiff defines the proposed class as follows:		
18	"The Class" includes all California residents who were, or who are, STATI		
19	FARM policy holders from 2005 to the present who within the four years preceding the filing of this complaint:		
20	(1) Made a First Party uninsured/underinsurance claim to STATE FARM		
21	for payment of benefits;		
22	(2) Where STATE FARM retained expert consultants on such first party		
23	claims against their insureds;		
24	(3) Where STATE FARM failed to disclose the potential bias of such experts including the number of times they had retained such experts and		
25	the amount of money STATE FARM had paid each expert in the last four		
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of the Defendants, members of the immediate family of the Defendants, any entity in

140. Excluded from the Class are the Defendants herein, officers and directors

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which any Defendant has a controlling interest, and legal repre	sentatives,	heirs
successors or assigns of any such excluded party.	.5	

141. Although the precise number of members of the Class is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be determined by appropriate discovery, Plaintiffs allege that the class of persons affected by the actions and conduct of Defendant STATE FARM is so numerous, consisting of thousands, if not millions of people, that joinder of all members is impracticable.

D. Commonality of Interest

- 142. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all Class members and predominate over any questions affecting solely individual members of the Class. The common questions of law and fact include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - All Class Members had first party claims against STATE FARM for benefits owed under their uninsured/uninsured motorist insurance policies.
 - STATE FARM retained expert consultants in an effort to evaluate the first party claims of their insured.
 - STATE FARM owed a duty to conduct full, fair, non-biased, and thorough investigations of each claims.
 - All Class Members are entitled to know in the adjustment of their claims whether the so-called independent or "unbiased" experts in which STATE FARM are relying upon have any long standing relationship or financial bias in favor of STATE FARM and against insureds
 - All Class Members are entitled to know the number of times the STATE FARM retained expert has been hired by STATE FARM and the amount of money the expert has been paid by STATE FARM.

•	The adjustment of first party claims requires an insurance carrier to ac
	fair and in good faith and are not supposed to be adversarial, which is
	different for an insurance company's duties in defense of a third party
	claim.

E. Typical Claims

- 143. The claims and defenses of the Plaintiff are typical of the claims and defenses of members of the Class in that he had a first party underinsurance claim against STATE FARM in which STATE FARM hired expert consultants and refused to disclose evidence of those experts financial bias.
- 144. The injuries suffered by the Plaintiff is the same or similar to the injuries suffered by the members of the Class in that STATE FARM relied on experts without disclosing their financial bias or long standing relationship with STATE FARM in delaying payment of the legitimate claim, and seeking to pay less than the Claim was worth.
- 145. The conduct of STATE FARM in the handling of the Plaintiff's claim of using biased experts against their insured to adjust a first party claim without disclosing their financial bias is not unique to the Plaintiff, but instead, is typical of STATE FARM's claims handling of all members of the Class.
- 146. The members of the Class have been or will injured by the same course of conduct that has injured Plaintiff if the bias, financial or otherwise, is not disclosed.

F. Class Treatment is Superior

- 147. The prosecution of this cause of action as a class action is the superior means of resolving this litigation, both for the parties and the court.
- 148. Numerous Class members have suffered injury as a result of STATE FARM's conduct; however, numerous Class members' individual claims are not of

- sufficient size to warrant individual action. Thus, the denial of class relief would result in unjust enrichment to STATE FARM for its wrongdoings.
 - 149. It would be impracticable to bring all members of the Class before the court.
 - 150. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create a risk of inconsistency and varying adjudications regarding the duty to disclose the number of times an expert has been retained and the amount of money that STATE FARM has paid each expert, establishing incompatible standards of conduct for STATE FARM.
 - 151. STATE FARM has acted, and refused to act, on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief with respect to the Class as a whole appropriate. There are questions of law and fact common to the members of the Class which predominate over questions affecting only individual Class members.
 - 152. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Prosecution of this cause of action as a class action will provide redress for claims too small to support the expense of complex litigation and reduce the possibility of repetitious litigation.
 - 153. Plaintiff anticipates no unusual case management problems with the pursuit of this complaint as a class action.

G. Adequate Representation

- 154. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class. The interests of Plaintiffs are consistent with, and not antagonistic to, those of the other members of the Class.
- 155. Plaintiff has retained counsel with extensive experience and background in class actions.
- 156. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs in prosecuting this complaint because:

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(a)	A successful outcome in this action will result in the enforcement of
important	t rights affecting the public interest by maintaining the integrity of
institution	ns that provide insurance in this State;

- This action will result in a significant benefit by enabling a STATE (b) FARM insured who is making an uninsured/uninsured motorist claim to know potential bias of experts hired by STATE FARM, which will lead in the full disclosure of such bias in an effort for the insured will receive a full, fair and thorough investigation to which the insured is entitled to have in a first party claims:
- (c) Unless this complaint is prosecuted, many Class members would not be aware that they were damaged by STATE FARM's wrongful practices; and
- (d) Unless the attorneys' fees and costs are awarded against STATE FARM, the Class will not recover the full measure of its damages.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

AS TO THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 100, INCLUSIVE, FOR BREACH OF THE IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR

22 **DEALING:**

- 1. Damages for failure to timely pay policy benefits, plus interest, in a sum to be determined at the time of trial;
- 2. General damages for mental and emotional distress in a sum to be determined at the time of trial;
- 3. For prejudgment interest on all damages awarded to Plaintiffs in accordance with California Civil Code § 3287;

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- 4. For attorneys' fees, witness fees and costs of litigation incurred by Plaintiff to obtain the policy benefits in an amount to be determined at trial;
- 3 5. For economic and consequential damages arising out of Defendant's unreasonable failure to timely pay policy benefits;
- 6. For punitive and exemplary damages in an amount appropriate to punish
 or set an example of Defendants;
 - 7. For costs of suit herein; and
 - 8. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

AS TO THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST STEPHEN ROTHMAN,

M.D.; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 100, INCLUSIVE, FOR INTENTIONAL INTERFERENCE WITH CONTRACTUAL RELATIONS:

- 1. For all past economic and consequential damages to be determined at the time of trial;
- 2. For future economic and consequential damages for a total amount to be determined at the time of trial.
- 3. For general damages for mental and emotional distress in a sum to be determined at the time of trial in a sum to be determined at the time of trial.
- 4. For economic and consequential damages arising out of Defendant State Farm's failure to timely pay policy benefits;
- 5. For punitive and exemplary damages in an amount appropriate to punish or set an example of Defendants;
 - 6. For costs of suit herein; and
 - 7. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

(IBEAUT, MAHAN & BRISCOE 1 GREG W. GIBEAUT -- CSB 82119 6701 Center Drive West, Suite 611 2 Los Angeles, California 90045 (310) 410-2022, FAX (310) 410-2010 3 4 Attorney for defendants, GERALD GORMAN and BRIAN M. GORMAN 5 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, WEST DISTRICT 9 10 Case No. SC079750 BRIAN NOVACK, an individual, 11 **DEFENDANTS' DESIGNATION OF** Plaintiff, 12 EXPERT WITNESSES [C.C.P., § 2034] 13 TRIAL DATE: April 5, 2005 GERALD L. GORMAN, an individual, 14 BRIAN M. GORMAN, an individual, et al., 15 Defendants. 16 TO PLAINTIFF AND TO HIS ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: 17 18 Defendants, GERALD L. GORMAN and BRIAN M. GORMAN, hereby designate the 19 following expert witnesses in the above-entitled action: 20 1. Tony Fuerman, M.D., 16133 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1105, Encino, California 21 (818) 905-9642. 22 2. S. Andrew Schwartz, M.D., 9033 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 207, Beverly Hills, 23 California (310) 276-0900. 24 3. Stephen Rothman, M.D., 9233 West Pico Boulevard, Suite 210, Los Angeles, 25 Ü 26 California (310) 278-7643. 4. David J. Weiner, M.B.A., AM, 445 South Figueroa Street,, Suite 3700, Los Angeles, California (213) 817-6600.

Designation of Expert Witnesses

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1	Defendants reserve the right to call at time of trial any of the experts designated by plaintiff		
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3	Defendants further reserve the right to call any expert witnesses whose identity, or the need		
4	for whose expertise, is discovered after the service of this designation.		
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7	DATED:	February 11, 2005	GIBEAUT, MAHAN & BRISCOE
8			By: GREG W. GIBRAUT
9			GREG W. GIBBAUT Attorneys for defendants, GERALD GORMAN and BRIAN M.
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Similar James			2

STEPHEN L. G. ROTHMAN, M.D.

9233 W. Pico Blvd., Suite 210 • Los Angeles, CA 90035 • 310-278-7643 • 310-278-7645 Facsimile

PERSONAL

Date of Birth:

January 15, 1942

Place of Birth:

Bronx, New York

Citizenship: U.S

U.S.A.

LICENSES, CERTIFICATIONS, MEMBERSHIPS

CALIFORNIA MEDICAL LICENSE	G46280	1981
ARIZONA MEDICAL LICENSE	19993	1991
NEVADA MEDICAL LICENSE	6314	1991
HAWAII MEDICAL LICENSE	MD8851	1994

AMERICAN BOARD OF RADIOLOGY CERTIFIED Diagnostic Radiology (subspecialty/neuroradiology)

1974

AMERICAN BOARD OF RADIOLOGY CERTIFIED Diagnostic Radiology with added qualifications in Neuroradiology

1995

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEURORADIOLOGY AMERICAN SOCIETY OF SPINE RADIOLOGY

EDUCATION

YESHIVA UNIVERSITY - NEW YORK, NY Bachelor of Arts, BHL, 1959-1963

ALBERT EINSTEIN COLLEGE OF MEDICINE - NEW YORK, NY M.D., 1963-1967

POST GRADUATE TRAINING:

INTERNSHIP

MT. SINAI HOSPITAL - NEW YORK, NY 1967-1968

FELLOWSHIP - YALE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE - NEW HAVEN, CT Radiology Fellow, 1968-1969 & 1971-1973

MILITARY SERVICE - CAPTAIN & MAJOR U.S. ARMY 1969-1971

POSITIONS HELD AFTER COMPLETION OF POSTGRADUATE TRAINING:

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NEW HAVEN HOSPITAL - NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT	
DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY	
Associate Radiologist	1973-1974
Attending Radiologist	1974-1981
Computerized Tomography	1976-1981
Administrative Director	1976-1981
NEW HAVEN VETERANS ADMINISTRATION HOSPITAL - NE	EW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY	
Neuroradiologist	1973-1976
HADASSAH HEBREW UNIVERSITY MEDICAL SCHOOL - JE	RUSALEM, ISRAEL
DEPARTMENT OF NEURORADIOLOGY	
Guest Professor	6/75 - 8/75
Visiting Professor	1978-1979
YALE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE - NEW HAVEN,	CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF DIAGNOSTIC RADIOLOGY	
Assistant Professor	1973-1976
Associate Professor	1976-1981
Professor	7/81-10/81
SHAARE ZEDEK HOSPITAL - JERUSALEM, ISRAEL	
DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY	
Consulting Neuroradiologist	1977-1978
MULTI-PLANAR DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING, INC TORRANCE	
Medical Director	1981-1989
RANCHO LOS AMIGOS HOSPITAL - DOWNEY, CALIFORN	IA .
Consulting Specialist	1986-Preser
ROTHMAN-CHAFETZ MEDICAL GROUP, INC TORRANG	E, CALIFORNIA
Radiologist	1989 - 1997
SAN PEDRO PENINSULA HOSPITAL - SAN PEDRO, CALIF	ORNIA
Radiologist	5/92 - 7/02
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UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Clinical Faculty

11/00 - Present

LECTURES AT SEMINARS AND POSTGRADUATE COURSES:

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Rush Presbyterian Course in Computerized Tomography, Chicago, IL, September 1976.

CT Evaluation of the Thorax - Computed Tomography of the Body and Head - Current Concepts, The ACTA Body Scanning System - Computed Tomography of the Body and Head - Current Concepts. Orlando, FL, November 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Abdomen and Spine, insights into CT Scanning Symposium. New Orleans, LA, 1976.

Computerized Tomography in Stenosing Lesions of the Spine. Guest lecture. University of Leiden, Leiden, Netherlands, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Thorax and Spine. Guest lecture. University of Louvain, Louvain, Belglum, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain and Spine. Guest lecture. Antwerp University Hospital, Antwep, Belgium, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Abdomen and Spine. Guest lecture. Milan, Italy, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography in the Diagnosis of Diseases of the Chest and Abdomen. Pisa, Italy, December, 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Spanish Radiology Society, Barcelona, Spain, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography in Diseases of the Chest and Abdomen. Barcelona, Spain, December 1976.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain and Head. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Baltimore, Maryland, 1977.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain and Spine. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, New York, NY 1977.

Computerized Tomography of the Chest and Abdomen. Guest lecture. Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Bronx, New York, February 1977.

Advances in Neuroradiology of the Spine. Connecticut Chapter of the American College of Physicians, March 1977.

The Radiology of Transsphenoidal Hypophysectomy. Postgraduate Course in Sphenoidal Surgery. Yale

University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, March 1977

Computerized Tomography of the Brain and Body, Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Boston, MA, April 1977.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Toronto, Canada, May 1977.

Advances in Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Montreal, Canada, May 1977.

Extracranial Computerized Tomography. Advances in Clinical Gastroenterology, Yale University School of Medicine, June 1977.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain, Spine and Body. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Hartford, CT, August 1977.

Computerized Tomography in the Diagnosis and Treatment of Cancer. American Cancer Society Symposium, Milford, CT, September 1977.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Los Angeles, California, March 1978.

Computerized Tomography in Diseases of the Spine. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Los Angeles, California, March 1978.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Denver, Colorado, March 1978.

Computerized Tomography of the Base of the Skull. Johns Hopkins Course, Baltimore, Maryland, April 1978.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Johns Hopkins Course, Baltimore, Maryland, April 1978.

Angiography and Microangiography of the Eye and Orbit. Tel Hashomer Hospital, Tel Aviv, Israel, 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine in "The New Technology Noninvasive Diagnostic Techniques". Shaare Zedek Medical Center, Jerusalem, Israel, November 12, 1978.

Special Radiography Procedures in Orbital Diagnosis. Third Diploma Course in Ophthalmology. Hadassah Medical Center, Jerusalem, Israel, November 23, 1978.

Plain X-ray Diagnosis of the Orbit. Third Diploma

Course in Ophthalmology, Hadassah Medical Center, Jerusalem, Israel, November 23, 1978.

The Radiology of Congenital Disorders of Brain and Orbit. Third Diploma Course in Ophthalmology. Hadassah Medical Center, Jerusalem, Israel, November 23, 1978.

The Physics of Computerized Tomography. Guest lecture. Department of Medical Physics. Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel, December 1978.

An introduction to Clinical Computerized Tomography. Department of Medical Physics, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel, December 1978.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain. CT Seminar. Tel Aviv, Israel, January 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Orbits. CT Seminar, Tel Aviv, Israel, January 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Chest and Abdomen. CT Seminar, Tel Aviv, Israel, January 1979.

The Radiologic Differential Diagnosis of Neurophthalmology Disorders. Postgraduate Course in Neurology. Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel, January 19, 1979.

Seminar on Spinal Radiology. Ichilov Hospital, Tel Aviv, Israel, January 1979.

Seminar on Orbital Radiology. Ichilov Hospital, Tel Aviv, Israel, February 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Belinson Hospital, Petach-Tiqva, Israel, 1979.

The Radiology of Cervical Spine Fracture. Postgraduate Course in Spine Radiology, Tel Aviv University Medical School, Tel Aviv, Israel, March 11, 1979.

The Radiology of Degenerative Disease of the Spine. Postgraduate Course in Spine Radiology. Tel Aviv. University Medical School, Tel Aviv, Israel, March 11, 1979.

The Normal and Abnormal Myelogram, Postgraduate Course in Spine Radiology. Tel Aviv University Medical School, Tel Aviv, Israel, March 11, 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Base of the Skull in Oral Surgery. Meeting of the Israeli Dental Society, Tel Aviv, Israel, 1979.

The Radiology of Neurophthalmologic Syndromes. Hebrew University School of Medicine, Jerusalem, Israel, May 1979.

Congenital Disorders of the Orbits: 18th Leo G. Rigler Lecture and Convention on Pédiatric Radiology, Tel Aviv, Israel, May 8-10, 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Brain. Guest lecture. Postgraduate Hospital, Budapest, Hungary, June 1979.

Computerized Tomography of the Petrous Bone. Guest lecture. Transvaal Radiologic Society Meeting, Johannesburg, South Africa, October 1980.

Computerized Tomography of the Spine. Guest lecture. Pretoria, South Africa, October 1980.

Computerized Tomography of the Petrous Bone. Guest lecture. Durban, South Africa, October, 1980.

Spine and Myelography. Lecture, Yale University School of Medicine Imaging Update, New Haven, CT, October 1980.

Petrous Bone CT. Lecture, Yale University School of Medicine Imaging Update, New Haven, CT, October 1980.

Postgraduate Course in Neuro-ophthalmology, American Society of Ophthalmology Meeting, Atlanta, GA, November 1981.

Computed Tomography of the Spine. Annual Convention of American Osteopathic Association, Los. Angeles, CA 1981.

Multiplanar Scanning of the Spine. University of California, Irvine, CA, February 17, 1982.

Multiplanar Spine CT. 19th Meeting of the Federation of Western Societies of Neurological Science, San Diego, CA, February 25, 1982.

Multiplanar Pituitary and Orbital CT. 19th Meeting of the Federation of Western Societies of Neurological Science, San Diego, CA, February 1982.

Multiplanar CT in the Diagnosis of Spondylolysis - A Review of 35 Cases. Western Neuroradiological Society Meeting, Lake Tahoe, NV, March 1982.

An Overview of Multiplanar Spine CT. George Washington University Hospital, Washington, D.C., November 1982.

Disc Disease and the Postoperative Spine. Orthopedic Grand Rounds, Yale-New Haven Hospital, New Haven, CT, November 1982.

Multiplanar CT and MR of the Spine. Seattle

Washington, March 1987.

Multiplanar CT and MR of the Spine, St. Louis, MO, March 1987.

Multiplanar CT and MR of the Spine. New York, March 1987.

Multiplanar CT and MR of the Spine. Washington, DC, April 1987.

CT of the Spine In Things You Have Never Thought About. American Academy of neurologic and orthopaedic Med. and Surg., Las Vegas, NV, October 23, 1987.

Dental CT and implant technology. Loma Linda School of Dentistry, Loma Linda, California, February 9, 1989.

Dental CT and implant technology. Long Beach Dental Society Implant Study Group, Long Beach, California, February 21, 1990.

Dental CT and root form implant in the partially edentulous patient. UCLA Dental Symposium, Palm Springs, California, April 20, 1990.

Computerized tomography and implant site selection. The Sixth Annual Implant Team System Seminar, Universal City, California, November 18, 1990.

Dental CT and implant technology. Los Angeles Dental Society Implant Study Group, Los Angeles, California, December 3, 1990.

Dental CT and implant technology. USC School of Dentistry, Department of Periodontics, Los Angeles, California, January 17, 1991.

Radiology of spondylolisthesis. Los Angeles Chiropractic College, Whittier, California, March 26, 1991.

Gross anatomy, National Association of Railroad Trial Counsel, Snowbird, Utah, February 7, 1992.

The cranio-cervical junction, Los Angeles Chiropractic College, May 26, 1992.

Practical application in sports medicine, Palm Springs, May 30, 1992.

Spinal injury seminar at Ontario Community Hospital, Ontario, June 12, 1992.

The medicolegal implications of MR and CT of the spine, The Western Neuroradiological Society, October 2, 1992.

Medicolegal aspects of spinal imaging, 1991 American College of Chiropractors, Radiology Workshop/Symposium, October 4, 1992.

CT scanning for implant placement, Alpha Omega international Dental Fraternity implant Extravaganza, Los Angeles, November 1, 1992.

The Radiology of Spinal Trauma, Pearls & Pitfalls, American Academy of Orthopedic Surgery, Anaheim, CA, February 2000.

The Radiology of Spinal Trauma, Pearls & Pitfalls, American Paraplegia Society, Las Vegas, NV, 2000.

Rothman, SLG, Wiltse, L.L, Spondylolisthesis, American Society Spine Radiology, Marco Island, FL, 2001.

The Radiology of Dental Implants, USC School of Dentistry, December 2001.

The History of Neuroradiology Through My Eyes, San Pedro Peninsula Hospital, January 2002.

Spinal CT and MR - American Society Interventional Pain Physicians, March 2002.

Seminar Spinal Radiology - American Society of Interventional Pain Physicians, March 2002

The Craniovertebral Junction, American Osteopathic Radiology Society, April 2002.

Spondylolisthesis, American Osteopathic Radiology Society, April 2002.

Mediegal Implications of Spinal Injury, American Osteopathic College of Radiology, April 2002.

Radiology of the Spine, A Course in Ten Parts. USC School of Medicine, July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003.

Rothman, SLG, Seminar on the Intervertebral Disc-Nomenclature, American Society of Neuroradiology, Washington D.C., May 2003.

PAPERS AND PRESENTATIONS

Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Deuker DK: Microangiographic anatomy of the cat's eye. American Society of Neuroradiology, Boston, MA, April 1973.

Rothman SLG, Kier Et., Allen WE III, Pratt AG: Angiographic topography of orbital mass lesions. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, December 1974.

Rothman SLG, Kirchner JA, Kier EL: Preoperative

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III: The radiology of transsphenoidal hypophysection. The American Society of Neuroradiology, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, June 1975.

Rothman St.G, Allen WE III, Simeone J: The medial posterior choroidal artery as an indicator of masses at the foramen of Monroe. The American Society of Neuroradiology, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, June 1975.

Rothman SLG: The angiographic anatomy of the cerebral ventricles. Guest lecture. Haifa University School of Medicine, Haifa, Israel, July 1975.

Rothman SLG: Angiography of the normal and abnormal maxillary artery. Neuroradiological Society of Israel, Jerusalem, Israel, August 1975.

Rothman SLG: In vivo evaluation of the anterior circulation in the normal and abnormal rabbit eye. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, December 1975.

Allen WE III, Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Rosnagle RS: The application of anglography in the diagnosis and treatment of intractable epistaxis. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, December 1975

Rothman SLG: The radiology of transsphenoidal hypophysectomy. Postgraduate Course in Sphenoidal Surgery, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, March 1976

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Putman CE: The use of computerized tomography in the assessment of pulmonary sarcoidosis. Computerized Tomography, International Symposium and Course, April 1976

Rothman SLG, Putman CE, Allen WE III, Redman HC: Computerized tomography in the assessment of thoracic and cardiopulmonary diseases. Computerized Tomography, International Symposium and Course, April 1976

Orphanoudakis SC*, Jaffe CC**, Rothman, SLG*, Allen WE III: Optimization of x-ray settings and beam collimation in ACTA scanning. *Department of Diagnostic Radiology, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT. **Department of Radiology, Naval Hospital, Groton, CT, January 1976.

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Kier EL: Coronal computerized tomography in the diagnosis of cranial and facial abnormalities. American Society of Neuroradiology, Atlanta, GA, 1976

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Kier EL: Computerized tomography of the spine. American Society of Neuroradiology, Atlanta, GA, 1976

Rothman SLG: Comparative use of CAT in chest radiology. Comparative Productivity of Techniques for Noninvasive Medical Diagnosis Symposium, New Hampshire, August 1976

Rothman SLG: Computerized tomography of the brain--The current state of the art. Insights into CT Scanning Symposium, Denver, CO, July 1976

Rothman SLG, losue A, Allen WE III, Orphanoudakis SC: Computerized tomography of the spine. American Roentgen Ray Society, Washington, D.C., September 1976.

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Putman CE, Redman HC: Computerized tomography in diseases of the chest. American Roentgen Ray Society, Washington, D.C., September 1976.

Rothman SLG, Simeone JF, Robinson F: Computerized tomography in the diagnostic evaluation of femoral neuropathy. International Symposium on CT, Miami, Florida, April 1977.

Davey LM, Rothman SLG: Computerized tomography in the evaluation of spinal canal stenosis. International Congress of Neurological Surgeons, Sao Paulo, Brazil, June 1977.

Davey LM, Rothman SLG; Value of CT scan in surgical management of pain syndromes due to lumbar stenosis. International Congress of Neurological Surgeons, Sao Paulo, Brazil, June 1977.

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Kier EL, Geehr RB, Jaffee CC: Computerized and conventional tomography in the assessment of spine trauma. American Roentgen Ray Society, Boston, MA, September 1977.

Rothman SLG: The Yale cranial CT cost effectiveness study. CT scanning, utilization and cost benefit. Washington, D.C., October 1977.

Rothman SLG: Computerized tomography in spinal trauma. 14th International Congress of Radiology, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, October 1977.

Rothman SLG: Computerized tomography in spinal stenosis. 14th International Congress of Radiology, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, October, 1977.

Rothman SLG: Sagittal and coronal reconstruction as an aid to CT of the brain and spine. 14th International Congress of Radiology, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, October 1977.

Geehr RB, Allen WE III, Rothman SLG, Collins WF Jr.: The role of pleuridirectional tomography in the evaluation of pituitary tumors. American Society of Neuroradiology, Hamilton, Bermuda, March 1977.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Kier EL, Hoffman HB: Computed tomography in the evaluation of the postoperative spine. The American Society of Neuroradiology, New Orleans, LA, February 1978.

Rothman SLG: The ideal CT scanner, Panel discussion. XI Symposium Neuroradiologicum, Wiesbaden, Germany, June 1978.

Rothman St.G, Geehr RB, Kier EL, Hoffman HB: Multiplanar reconstruction as an aid in CT diagnosis. XI Symposium Neuroradiologicum, Wiesbaden, Germany, June 1978.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Virapongse C, Kier EL: Computed tomography of the normal and abnormal petrous bone. American Society of Neuroradiology, Los Angeles, CA, March 1980.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Kier EL, Zimmer AE: A reasonable approach to the neuroradiology evaluation of pituitary microadenomas. American Society of Neuroradiology, Los Angeles, CA, March 1980.

Rauschkolb EN, Geehr RB, Rothman SLG: Computerized tomography of the normal and abnormal base of the skull. American Roentgen Ray Society, Las Vegas, NV, April 1980.

Rothman SLG: High resolution CT of the petrous bone. South African Radiologic Society, Capetown, South Africa, October 1980.

Rothman SLG: The multiplanar approach to spine CT. 6th Annual CT Seminar, Washington, D.C., April, 1982.

Rothman SLG: The multiplanar approach to petrous bone CT. 6th Annual CT Seminar, Washington, D.C., April 1982.

Rothman SLG, Glenn WV Jr. Spondylolysis and spondylolisthesis: Multiplanar computer tomographic analysis of 250 cases. XII Symposium Neuroradiologicum, Washington, D.C., October 1982.

Lesser R, Rothman SLG: The Radiology of Neurophthalmology. Postgraduate course, American Academy of Ophthalmology, San Francisco, CA, November 1982.

Rothman SLG: Multiplanar imaging of the spine. Meeting of the American College of Chiropractic Radiology, San Diego, CA, November 1982.

Glenn, WV Jr, Rothman SLG: CT/MPR of the cervical spine: A review of 250 cases. Radiological Society of North America, December 1982.

Rothman SLG, Glenn WV Jr. CTMPR of the postoperative spine: A review of 250 cases. Radiological Society of North America, December 1982.

Rothman SLG: Postoperative spine CT. Continuing Medical Education Lecture, Holy Cross Hospital, Mission Hills, CA, December 14, 1982

Rothman SLG: Multiplanar neuro and cervical spine CT. Continuing Medical Education Lecture, Holy Cross Hospital. February 1, 1982

Rothman SLG: CT evaluation of the postoperative spine. Radiology Grand Rounds, University of California at San Francisco, January 6, 1983.

Rothman SLG: The impossible axial CT scan. Postgraduate fellowship course, University of California at San Francisco, January 6, 1983.

Rothman SLG: Spine CT Seminar, Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital, Santa Barbara, CA, January 12, 1983.

Rothman SLG: An overview of spine CT. Florida Hospital, Orlando, FL, January 17, 1983

Rothman SLG: Spine CT. Alachua General Hospital, Gainesville, FL, January 18, 1983. Rothman SLG: Postoperative spine CT. Orthopedic Grand Rounds, University of Miami School of Medicine, January 20,

Rothman SLG: Multiplanar spine CT. Radiology Conference, University of Miami, January 20, 1983.

Glenn WV Jr, Rothman SLG: High-resolution CT of the uncinate processes and neural foramina of the cervical spine. Third Radiological Symposium, Graz, Austria, October 6-8, 1983.

Glenn WV Jr., Rothman SLG: High resolution lumbar multiplanar CT in spondylolisthesis. Third Radiological Symposium, Graz, Austria, October 6-8, 1983.

Glenn WV Jr., Rothman St.G: Multiplanar CT as key factor in evaluating interbody fusions. Third Radiological Symposium, Graz, Austria, Oct. 6-8, 1983.

Rothman SLG: CT scanning of the spine and its relevance to the legal profession. USC Medical Center, Los Angeles, CA, May 2, 1984.

Rothman SLG: CT of spondylolysis and spondylolisthesis. CT of the spine course. New York University Medical Center. New York City, NY, May 9-13, 1984.

Rothman SLG: Radiculopathy caused by displaced postoperative facet fractures. 22nd Annual Meeting, ASNR, Boston, MA, June 2-7, 1984.

Rauschning W. Rothman SLG: CT anatomy of the cervical spine in oblique reformatted planes. 22nd Annual Meeting, ASNR, Boston, MA, June 2-7, 1984.

Rothman SLG: CT in the diagnosis of degenerative disease of the lumbar spine: The importance of reformatted images. The differential diagnosis between postoperative changes and recurrent disc hernlation. Nordic Association of Neuroradiology, Trondheim, Norway, August 30, 1984.

Rothman SLG: CT in degenerative disc disease of the C-spine. Nordic Association of Neuroradiology, Trondheim, Norway, August 30, 1984.

Lesser RL, Rothman SLG: The differential diagnosis of neuro-ophthalmologic syndrome. Western Neuroradiological Society Meeting, Santa Barbara, CA, October 11-14, 1984.

Lesser RL, Rothman SLG: Neuro-ophthalmic Imaging. American Academy of Ophthalmology. Atlanta, Georgia, November 11-15, 1984.

Rothman SLG: CT scanning in lumbar diagnosis. North American Academy of Manipulative Medicine, San Diego, CA, November 14-16, 1984.

Rothman SLG, Glenn WV Jr., Rhodes ML, Bruce R, Pratt C: Individualized prosthesis production from routine CT data. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, Nov. 17-22, 1985.

Rothman SLG, Rauschning W, Glenn WV Jr.: Lumbar zygapophyseal joints: normal and pathologic anatomy. Radlological Society of North America, Chicago, Nov. 17-22, 1985.

Rothman SLG: CT in the diagnosis of conjoint nerve roots and other minor root abnormalities, International College of Surgeons, Las Vegas, NV, March 1986.

Rothman SLG: Healing pars defects and other occult stress fractures of the vertebral arches. The

International Society for the Study of the Lumbar Spine, Rome, Italy, May 24-28, 1987.

Rothman SLG, Rhodes ML, Schwarz M, Chafetz N; Preoperative CT Analysis of the mandible and maxilla for permanent prosthetic implantation. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Dec. 4, 1987.

Rhodes ML, Rothman SLG, Tivattanasuk ES, Schwarz M, Chafetz N: CT image presentations for surgical planning of maxilla and mandibular denture implants. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Nov. 31 - Dec. 4, 1987.

Rothman SLG: Occult fractures of the spinal neural arch (poster presentation). The American Society of Neuroradiology, New York City, NY, May 10-15, 1987.

Rothman SLG: Reformatted CT for dental implants, Academy of Osseointegration, Chicago, IL, April 1987.

Misenhimer G, Peek RD, Wiltse LL, Rothman SLG: Anatomic analysis of pedicle cortical and cancellous diameter as related to screw size. Third Annual Meeting of North American Spine Society, June 24-27, 1988.

Rothman, SLG: Imaging of the cranio-vertebral junction and C2, American Spinal Imaging Association Meeting, San Diego, California, May 11, 1993.

Rothman, SLG: The medicolegal significance of imprecise anatomical description of spinal imaging studies. American Society of Neuroradiology Convention (Scientific Exhibit), Vancouver, Canada, May 14, 1993.

Rothman SLG: Paper: Medicolegal significance of magnetic resonance misinterpretation. American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons - Annual Meeting/Scientific Program - New Orleans, Louisiana, February 23-27, 1994.

Rothman SLG: Poster Presentation: A unifying theory on the etiology of L5/S1 Spondylolysis and Spondylolisthesis, American Society of Neuroradiology, Nashville, Tennessee, May 1-8, 1994.

Rothman SLG, Chafetz, NI: Poster Presentation: The radiological distinction between congenital os odontoideum and post traumatic pseudoarthrosis of the dens, American Society of Neuroradiology, Nashville, Tennessee, May 1-8, 1994.

Rothman SLG, Chafetz, NI: Poster Presentation: Mandibular and maxillary augmentation for the purpose of dental implantation, American Society of Neuroradiology, Nashville, Tennessee, May 1-8, 1994.

Rothman SLG, Chafetz, NI: Poster Presentation:

Rothman SLG, Slavin B, Chafetz NI: An anatomic explanation for over-reading disc hemiations on imaging studies of the spine. Western Neurological Society, Tucson, Arizona, October 6-8, 1994.

Rothman SLG, Chafetz NI, Mackey JK, Slavin B: Poster Presentation: An anatomic explanation for over-reading disc hernlations on imaging studies of the cervical spine. American Society of Neuroradiology, Chicago, Illinois, April 22-26, 1995

Rothman SLG, Chafetz NI: Poster Presentation: An anatomical explanation for over-reading dischemiations on MRI imaging studies of the lumbar spine. American Society of Neuroradiology, Chicago, Illinois, April 22-26, 1995

Rothman SLG, Chafetz NI: Poster Presentation: The medicolegal significance of imprecise anatomical description of spinal imaging studies. American Society of Neuroradiology, Chicago, Illinois, April 22-26, 1995

Medicolegal Radiology Lectures:

Insurance Education Association, Irvine, California, March 6, 1989.

insurance Education Association, Los Angeles, California, November 2, 1989.

Aetna Insurance Company, Glendale, California, November 15, 1989.

Aetna Insurance Company, Santa Ana, California, November 16, 1989.

Insurance Education Association, Irvine, California, March 6, 1990.

Eagle Pacific Insurance Company, Long Beach, California, April 25, 1990.

Insurance Education Association, September 17, 1990.

Transamerica Corporation, Woodland Hills, California, September 27, 1990.

Rockwell Insurance Adjusters, Downey, California, December 14, 1990.

Insurance Education Association, Pasadena, California, February 20, 1991.

National Association of Railroad Trial Counsel, Pebble Beach, California, May 3, 1991. Twentieth Century, Burbank, California, October 2, 1991.

Insurance Education Association, Pasadena, California, October 23, 1991.

Burns, Ammirato, Palumbo, et al. Pasadena, California, November 14, 1991

Crawford & Company, Culver City, California, November 27, 1991.

Insurance Education Association, Pasadena, California, March 13, 1992.

Parker, Stanbury, Babcock, et al., Los Angeles, California, March 31, 1992.

Thompson & Colegate, Riverside, California, June 23, 1992.

Bollington, Stilz, Bloeser & Curry, Woodland Hills, California, September 25, 1992.

Jacklin & Johnson, Costa Mesa, California, November 2, 1992.

Mac Lachian, Burford & Arias, MBA Day, Ontario, California, November 6, 1992

Mission Forensic Sciences Educational Institute -Lecture: Uses of MRI in litigation. Anaheim, California, August 6, 1993.

Mission Forensic Sciences Educational Institute -Lecture: Uses of MRI in litigation. Monterey, California, October 15, 1993.

Mission Forensic Sciences Educational Institute -Lecture: Uses of MRI in litigation. Rancho Mirage, California, November 7, 1993.

Mission Forensic Sciences Educational Institute -Lecture: Uses of MRI in litigation. Carlsbad, California, December 3, 1993.

Oregon State Bar Continuing Legal Education -Lecture: Gross anatomy: understanding and using diagnostic tests of the back. Portland, Oregon, April 29, 1994.

EXHIBITS

Kier EL, Allen WE III, Rothman SLG: Magnification angiography in intracranial mass lesions. American Association of Neurological Surgeons, Boston, MA, 1972

Kier EL, Allen WE III, Rothman SLG: Direct magnification cerebral anglography. American

Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Kirchner JA, Allen WE III: Preoperative laminographic evaluation of the sphenoid sinus for transsphenoidal surgery. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, December 1874.

Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Allen WE III, Pratt AG: A tomographical analysis of orbital mass lesions. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Dec. 1974.

Rothman SLG, Allen WE III, Kier EL, Conlogue G: High resolution microangiography of the nervous system. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Dec. 1975.

Allen WE III, Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Rosnagle RS: Angiography in the diagnosis and treatment of intractable epistaxis. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Dec. 1975.

Rothman SLG, Putrnan CE, Allen WE III, Greenspan RG, McLoud T, Littner M, Schachter N, Gee JBL: Computerized axial tomography in sarcoidosis. American Thoracic Society, May 1976.

Masters SJ, Allen WE III, Rothman SLG: Stereoscopy of the cervical spine -A valuable adjunct in the diagnosis of acute/occult injury. Radiological Society of North América, Chicago, IL, Nov. 1976.

Rothman SLG, Putman CE, Allen WE III, Greenspan RH, McLoud T: Computerized tomography in pulmonary sarcoidosis. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Nov. 1976.

Aller WE III, Rothman SLG, Kier EL, Rosnagle RS: Angiography in the diagnosis and treatment of intractable epistaxis. American Academy of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology, Dallas, TX, Oct. 1977.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Kier EL, Allen WE III, Hoffman HB: Computerized tomography of the spine. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Nov. 1977.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Kier EL, Hoffman HB: Computerized tomography of the cranio-cervical junction. The American Society of Neuroradiology, New Orleans, Louisiana, Feb. 1978.

Rothman SLG: A video programmed course in computerized tomography of the brain. The American Society of Neuroradiology, New Orleans, LA, Feb. 1978.

Rothman SLG, Geehr RB, Kler EL, Siew F, Weinstein

D, Virapongse C: Pluridirectional tomography in the diagnosis of hyperprolactinemia - is it justifiable? American Society of Neuroradiology, Los Angeles, CA, March 1980.

Rothman SLG, Glenn WV Jr. Multiplanar CT in 250 cases of spondylolisthesis. Radiological Society of North America, Chicago, IL, Nov.-Dec., 1982.

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REVISED: 07/03

STEPHEN L. G. ROTHMAN, M.D.

9233 W. Pico Blvd., Suite 210 • Los Angeles, CA 90035 Board Certified Radiologist with CAQ in Neuroradiology (310) 278-7643 • (310) 278-7645 Fax

RECEIVED

OCT 20 2004

October 18, 2004

GIBEAU1 MAHAN & BRISCOE

Greg W. Gibeaut Gibeaut, Mahan & Briscoe 6701 Center Drive West, Ste. 611 Los Angeles, CA 90045

RE: Novack v. Gorman

Assured: Gerald Gorman

File: 00604-024 Claim No.: VA010094-39

D/Loss: 12/10/02

I have today received and reviewed a packet of films on Brian Novack which include an MRI scan of the brain dated 10/12/01. The MRI scan of the brain is normal.

There is a cervical spine MRI scan done on 2/10/97. Unfortunately this is not done with the same excellent technique. There is evidence of degenerative disc disease at C6/7. Unfortunately, there are no T2 weighted images, only gradient echo views. There is minimal annular bulge at C5/6, more prominent annular bulge at C6/7.

There is a cervical spine MRI scan done on 10/12/01. This study shows diffuse degenerative change of the cervical spine. There are central minor disc bulges in the upper cervical spine, more prominent disc bulges especially on the right side at C6/7. The disc bulge at C6/7 is slightly more prominent on the study in 2002 than it is on this study, but it's functionally the same process; multi-level degenerative disc disease. The pre accident study proves my impression that this is all preexisting disease. The sequence of MRI scans indicates continued aging changes of the intervertebral discs, as one would certainly expect.

where is also a thoracic spine MRI scan done on 10/12/01. This tudy is normal. There is no evidence of any significant degenerative disease.

Greg W. Gibeaut Re: Brian Novack October 18, 2004 Page Two

In summary, this patient has multi-level degenerative disc disease prior to and following the accident. No evidence that the accident actually did anything to the cervical spine.

It's been my pleasure to provide this review for you.

Stephen L. G. Rothman, M.D.

SLGR: ts

STEPHEN L. G. ROTHMAN, M.D.

9233 W. Pico Blvd., Suite 210 • Los Angeles, CA 90035 Board Certified Radiologist with CAQ in Neuroradiology (310) 278-7643 • (310) 278-7645 Fax

May 20, 2004

Greg W. Gibeaut Gibeaut, Mahan & Briscoe 6701 Center Drive West, Ste. 611 Los Angeles, CA 90045

RE: Novack v. Gorman

Assured: Gerald Gorman

File: 00604-024 Claim No.: VA010094-39

D/Loss: 12/10/02

I have today received and reviewed a large packet of films on Brian Novack including a cervical spine CT dated 3/29/04.

This study shows the same minor degenerative cervical spondylosis noted on the original study. There is no evidence of any injury here.

There is a CT scan of the lumbar spine dated 3/29/04. The lumbar spine CT is normal. There is no evidence of disc herniation or neural compression. There is nothing on this study which would be referable to any trauma, nor is there anything on this study which suggests any neurocompressive or objective abnormality.

There is an MRI scan of the cervical spine done on 1/30/04. This shows minimal annular bulge at C6/7 and very minor annular bulge at C5/6. This correlates perfectly with the CT scan in that it shows the most minimal degenerative change with the disc bulge on the right side at the medial end of the neural foramen at C5/6 and a diffuse broad-based annular bulge at C6/7. When I compare this to the previous MRI scan of 12/11/02 which I previously reviewed, C6/7 looks the same. C5/6 looks slightly more prominent now than it did in the previous study. The patient is two years older. As mentioned earlier, there is no hint here of spinal injury. This patient is dramatically over-imaged. There is no reason to do the CT scan of the cervical spine following the cervical spine MRI

Greg W. Gibeaut Re: Brian Novack May 20, 2004 Page Two

scan. The cervical MRI scan immediately following the accident excludes the possibility of disc herniation from trauma. The later one shows two-level degenerative disc disease, slightly more prominent at C5/6 than on the original study which shows the similar abnormality but slightly less prominent.

It's been my pleasure to provide this review for you.

Stephen L. G. Rothman, M.D.

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STEPHEN L. G. ROTHMAN, M.D.

9233 W. Pico Blvd., Suite 210 • Los Angeles, CA 90035 Board Certified Radiologist with CAQ in Neuroradiology (310) 278-7643 • (310) 278-7645 Fax

April 30, 2004

Greg W. Gibeaut Gibeaut, Mahan & Briscoe 6701 Center Drive West, Ste. 611 Los Angeles, CA 90045

RE: Novack v. Gorman

Assured: Gerald Gorman File: 00604-024 Claim No.: VA010094-39

D/Loss: 12/10/02

I have today received and reviewed an MRI scan of the cervical spine done on 12/11/02, one day after the accident in question on Brian Novack. That's fairly strange. Only a physician would have an MRI scan one day after an accident.

This study shows diffuse broad-based disc bulge at C6/7 extending from foramen to foramen. This is a longstanding chronic abnormality. This can be seen quite well on the axial. There is some diffuse broad-based annular bulge. Diffuse annular bulge is never caused by a single blunt force trauma. Since this study was done one day after the accident, one can say with absolute certainty that this could not have been caused by that episode. There is some minor degenerative change at C5/6 with small uncinate ridges. Minimal central annular bulges are seen in the upper cervical spine compatible with convex vertebrae which are present in these levels. None of these abnormalities were in any way caused by trauma.

It's been my pleasure to provide this review for you.

Stephen L. G. Rothman, M.D.

SLGR:ts

STEPHEN L. G. ROTHMAN, M.D.

9233 W. Pico Blvd., Suite 210 · Los Angeles, CA 90035 **Board Certified Radiologist with CAQ in Neuroradiology** (310) 278-7643 • (310) 278-7645 Fax

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MAY -5 2004

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April 30, 2004

Greg W. Gibeaut Gibeaut, Mahan & Briscoe 6701 Center Drive West, Ste. 611 Los Angeles, CA 90045

Novack v. Gorman RE:

Assured:

Gerald Gorman

00604-024 VA010094-39

Claim No.:

D/Loss:

12/10/02

I have today received and reviewed an MRI scan of the cervical spine done on 9/11/02, one day after the accident in question on Brian Novack. That's fairly strange. Only a physician would have an MRI scan one day after an accident.

This study shows diffuse broad-based disc bulge at C6/7 extending from foramen to foramen. This is a longstanding chronic abnormality. This can be seen quite well on the axial. There is some diffuse broad-based annular bulge. Diffuse annular bulge is never caused by a single blunt force trauma. Since this study was done one day after the accident, one can say with absolute certainty that this could not have been caused by that episode. There is some minor degenerative change at C5/6 with small uncinate Minimal central annular bulges are seen in the upper cervical spine compatible with convex vertebrae which are present in these levels. None of these abnormalities were in any way caused by trauma.

It's been my pleasure to provide this review for you.

Stephen L. G. Rothman, M.D.

\$LGR:ts

LAW OFFICES

JERRY S. MILLIKEN

A Professional Corporation 1875 CENTURY PARK EAST, SUITE 1770 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90067-2507 PHONE (310) 273-7222 FACSIMILE (310) 273-4678

March 11, 2005

State Farm Insurance P.O. Box 2257 Bakersfield, CA 93390

Attention:

Claims

Re:

My Client/Your Insured:

Dr. Brian Novack

Umbrella Policy No.:

71-C0-1158-8

Date of Loss:

December 10, 2002

Gentlemen:

Please be advised that we are submitting an underinsurance claim on behalf of our client Dr. Brian Novack.

Dr. Brian Novack settled his third party claim for policy limits of \$250,000.00. Dr. Novack's claim has a value in excess of \$1,000,000.00.

Please contact our office.

Very truly yours,

JERRY S. MILLIKEN

JSM: ep

Enclosures



State Farm Insurance Companies®



March 18, 2005

Culver City Operations Center PO Box 22257 Bakersfield, CA 93311 888 310 1053 Fax 800 377 0989

LAW OFFICES OF JERRY MILLIKEN 1875 CENTURY PK E STE 1770 LOS ANGELES CA 90067-2507

RE:

Claim Number:

75-J569-094

Insured:

Brian Novack

Date of Loss:

December 10, 2002

Policy Number:

71-C0-1158-8

Dear Mr. Milliken:

We are in receipt of your letter dated March 11, 2005.

As we discussed on March 16, 2005, Company records indicate that uninsured motorist coverage was not included in Dr. Novack's Personal Liability Umbrella Policy. State Farm[®] is investigating this matter under a full and completion Reservation of Rights regarding coverage. Our investigation into this claim should not be construed as an admission or agreement that coverage is in place for this claim. State Farm observes its right to supplement its Reservation of Rights and/or deny coverage as additional information comes to light.

We would appreciate receiving all available medical information regarding this claim.

Upon conclusion of our investigation, we will contact you to discuss your client's claim. If you have any questions, please contact our office.

Sincerely.

Anne Grogan

Claim Representative

310 568 5313

State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company

038/0318004CA

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State Farm Insurance Companies®



March 18, 2005

Culver City Operations Center PO Box 22257 Bakersfield, CA 93311 888 310 1053 Fax 800 377 0989

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED AND REGULAR MAIL

BRIAN NOVACK C/O LAW OFFICES OF JERRY S MILLIKEN 1875 CENTURY PARK E STE 1770 LOS ANGELES CA 90067-2507

RE:

Insured:

Brian Novak

Claim Number: 75-J569-094

Date of Loss: December 10, 2002

Policy Number: 71-C0-1158-8

Dear Dr. Novak:

We have received notification of an incident alleged to have occurred on or about December 10, 2002, at 10:55 p.m. State Farm General Insurance Company may have no duty to pay, indemnify, defend, or otherwise perform under the policy referenced above because:

"The records of the Company indicate that uninsured motorist coverage was not included in the policy."

For this reason, and for any other reasons which may become known, State Farm General Insurance Company reserves all its rights under the policy, including the right to deny coverage in its entirety.

If you have any information or materials which may aid in the analysis of your claim for coverage, please provide it to us as soon as possible.

Any action taken by State Farm General Insurance Company, or any of its authorized representatives to investigate, evaluate, pay, defend, or otherwise adjust any claim presented, shall not waive any terms or conditions of the policy mentioned above, nor shall any such actions waive any of our other rights.

The company does not intend, by this letter, to waive any policy defenses not stated above, but specifically reserves its right to assert such additional policy defenses at any time.

If wou have questions regarding this letter, please contact your claim representative, Anne Glogan, at (310) 568-5313.



BRIAN NOVAK 75-J569-094 Page 2 March 18, 2005

Your correspondence is important to us. In order to ensure we can identify and match all documents to your claim file, please include your claim number on all correspondence.

Sincerely,

Lisa Davidson Team Manager (310) 568-2965

State Farm General Insurance Company

062/0318002CA

cc: BOB LITTLE

11654 W PICO BLVD

LOS ANGELES CA 90064-2909