



**I.**  
**PARTIES**

1. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte is the widow of Decedent and an individual resident of Tarrant County, Texas.
2. Plaintiff Liliana Belmonte is a daughter of Decedent and an individual resident of Tarrant County, Texas, and is a minor child, date of birth May 20, 2003. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, Liliana Belmonte's father brings this suit on her behalf, as next friend.
3. Plaintiff Sophia Belmonte is a daughter of Decedent and an individual resident of Tarrant County, Texas.
4. Plaintiff Cecelia Belmonte is a daughter of Decedent and an individual resident of Tarrant County, Texas.
5. Upon information and belief, Defendant MedStar Mobile Health ("MedStar") is an entity that regularly conducts business in the State of Texas, but has no registered agent for service of process. MedStar may be served with process by delivery of summons to the Texas Secretary of State, James E. Rudder Building, 1019 Brazos, Room 105, Austin, Texas 78701.
6. Upon information and belief, Defendant UT Southwestern Medical Center ("UT Southwestern") is a nonprofit organization that regularly conduct business in the state of Texas. UT Southwestern may be served with process by delivery of summons to its registered agent for service of process, the President of UT Southwestern, Dr. Donald K. Poldosky, 5323 Harry Hines Boulevard, Dallas, Texas 75390.
7. Upon information and belief, Defendant University of Alabama at Birmingham ("University of Alabama") is a nonprofit organization with no registered agent in Texas for service of process. University of Alabama may be served with process by delivery of summons to the

Texas Secretary of State, James E. Rudder Building, 1019 Brazos, Room 105, Austin, Texas 78701.

8. Upon information and belief, Defendant United States Department of Health and Human Services Center for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) may be served with process by delivery of summons to the Texas Secretary of State, James E. Rudder Building, 1019 Brazos, Room 105, Austin, Texas 78701.

9. Upon information and belief, Defendant Planned Parenthood Southwest Fort Worth (“Planned Parenthood”) is a nonprofit organization that regularly conduct business in the State of Texas. Planned Parenthood may be served with process by delivery of summons to its registered agent for service of process, Kenneth Lambrecht, 7424 Greenville Avenue, Suite 206, Dallas, Texas 75231.

## **II.** **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

10. Venue is proper in the Northern District of Texas because Defendant UTSW is principally located in Dallas County, Texas and because all or a substantial amount of the events giving rise to Plaintiffs’ claims occurred in Tarrant County, Texas.

11. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C.A. § 1442 because at least one Defendant, CDC, is a federal entity. Additionally, this Court has federal question jurisdiction under 18 U.S.C.A. § 1983 and 21 C.F.R. § 50.20.

## **III.** **FACTS**

12. On August 8, 2017, Decedent, Cristina Belmonte, was at her place of employment at a location of Defendant Planned Parenthood, where she experienced intermittent chest pain. When paramedics and employees of MedStar first arrived at Planned Parenthood, Decedent stated that

her chest pain was not severe. However, her condition quickly deteriorated, and she went into cardiac arrest immediately after being loaded onto a stretcher.

13. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte arrived on the scene at Planned Parenthood and attempted to enter the room where his wife, the Decedent, was being treated by Defendant MedStar first responders. Even though the employees of Defendant Planned Parenthood knew Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte was the spouse of Decedent, the employees prohibited him from entering the room where Decedent was being treated. In addition, the MedStar first responders did not consult with Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte about the treatment Decedent was to receive, despite the fact that Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte was on-site and easily accessible for consultation.

14. After treating Decedent for an unreasonably extended period of time at Planned Parenthood, Defendant MedStar's first responders transported Decedent to Harris Methodist Hospital Southwest in Fort Worth, Texas where she subsequently passed away within an hour of arrival.

15. Several weeks following the passing of Decedent, Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte received a letter from UT Southwestern informing him that Decedent was involuntarily placed into a federal study that consisted of conducting alternative cardiac arrest treatments on qualifying patients. However, Decedent never gave consent to be placed into this study as she was unconscious shortly after Defendant MedStar first responders arrived, nor did the first responders receive consent from her husband, Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, because he was never consulted.

16. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte then requested all documentation to which he was rightfully entitled regarding how Decedent was selected to be involuntarily placed into the federal study and what the study entailed. UT Southwestern responded by stating the information Plaintiff Manuel

Belmonte sought need not be disclosed to him according to an opinion received from the Texas Attorney General, and the requested records were not provided to him.

17. The University of Alabama and the CDC are the sponsors of the study in which Decedent was involuntarily enrolled and were apparently responsible, at least in part, for the protocols and policies of the study.

18. Defendants, their agents, servants, and employees negligently caused and negligently permitted nonconsensual and inadequate treatment to be administered upon Decedent and negligently failed to warn Decedent or Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte of the risks associated with the treatment; prevented Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte from refusing the treatment being studied; and prevented Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte from taking the Decedent, his wife, to the nearby hospital emergency room, despite the fact that Defendants, their agents, servant, and employees knew, or in the exercise of ordinary care, should have known of the risks involved with the treatment and that there was a likelihood Decedent could be injured or pass away, which is exactly what happened to Decedent.

19. Defendants, their agents, servants, and employees failed to obtain or even seek consent from Decedent or Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, Decedent's husband, and indeed, prevented Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte from being involved in the treatment decision and the decision not to take Decedent immediately to the nearby hospital emergency room.

20. As a direct result of the aforementioned occurrence, Decedent lost her life, despite the fact that standardized and/or prompt emergency treatment methods in an emergency room could have prevented her untimely death. Additionally, Plaintiffs have suffered loss of consortium with Decedent and have experienced severe mental anguish, sorrow, and grief, and will, in reasonable probability, continue to do so in the future by reason of the nature of Decedent's passing.

21. Furthermore, the treatment actions taken by MedStar and UT Southwestern constitute medical battery as they did not seek or receive consent from Decedent, nor did they conduct a reasonably diligent inquiry to find Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, who had decision-making capacity and was nearby and could have been consulted with because he was on-site with first responders.

22. Because Defendants failed to disclose that Decedent Cristina Belmonte was involuntarily placed in a study until weeks after her death and burial, Plaintiffs had no reason to suspect that the treatment provided to her was subject to question and were denied the opportunity to refuse such treatment, to take her immediately to the nearest emergency room, or to have an autopsy performed.

**IV.**  
**CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANTS**

**Negligence**

23. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 22 as if fully set forth herein.

24. Defendants owed Decedent a duty to exercise ordinary care in the administration of her emergency medical care.

25. Defendants breached their duty to Decedent by failing to adhere to the standardized medical procedures that are administered in the event a patient enters cardiac arrest by failing to obtain or seek consent, and by delaying her transport to an appropriate medical facility.

26. Decedent lost her life as a direct and/or proximate result of Defendants' negligence in diverting from the standardized medical procedure that reasonably should have been administered.

27. Plaintiffs have sustained severe emotional distress, grief, sorrow, and loss of consortium as a direct and/or proximate result of Defendants' negligence.

### **Gross Negligence**

28. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 27 as if fully set forth herein.
29. Defendants were grossly negligent because the actors knew, or should have known, that their actions of deviating from standardized medical treatment, failing to obtain consent, and delaying Decedent's transport to an appropriate medical facility involved an extreme degree of risk to Decedent's life, yet despite these risks, the Defendants proceeded to act with a conscious disregard for the safety and welfare of Decedent.
30. Decedent lost her life as a direct and/or proximate result of Defendants' gross negligence.
31. Plaintiffs sustained severe emotional distress, grief, sorrow, and loss of consortium as a direct and/or proximate result of Defendants' negligence.

### **Battery**

32. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 31 as if fully set forth herein.
33. Defendants' actions of involuntarily placing Decedent into a medical study under color of state and/or federal law, and performing medical care that deviated from standardized medical procedure constituted medical battery since they did not seek or receive consent from Decedent, or else from Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, her husband, who was available for consultation.
34. Furthermore, because Decedent was physically unable to give consent due to her medical condition, Defendants were required to conduct a reasonably diligent inquiry to find an adult surrogate who could consent to medical treatment on behalf of Decedent, and Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte was in the building, nearby and available, but was never consulted.
35. Despite the fact that Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte was on-site before first responders transported Decedent to the hospital, Defendants did not allow Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte to give

consent to enter Decedent into the medical study, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 50.20, or to take Decedent immediately to the nearby hospital emergency room himself.

### **False Imprisonment**

36. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 35 as if fully set forth herein.

37. Defendant Planned Parenthood restricted Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte from being with his wife, Decedent, while she was being treated by Defendant MedStar, thereby preventing him from consulting on the offered treatment and ultimately preventing Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte from refusing participation in the study and from taking her immediately to the nearby hospital emergency room himself, or otherwise from demanding that Defendant Medstar do so.

38. This was an intentional tort committed by Defendants Planned Parenthood and MedStar.

### **Conspiracy**

39. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 38 as if fully set forth herein.

40. Defendants conspired to deny Decedent and/or Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, Decedent's legal representative, the right to refuse consent to participate in the study which killed Decedent.

### **Violation of Open Records Act**

41. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 40 as if fully set forth herein.

42. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte, husband of Decedent, has a special right of access to confidential information and information regarding the study Decedent was involuntarily entered into prior to her death.

43. An agency, like UTSW, may not deny access to information to the Decedent's representative, to whom the information relates, on the grounds that the information is considered confidential.



44. However, despite Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte's reasonable requests to UTSW for the information regarding the study that Decedent was involuntarily entered into, Defendant UTSW refuse to disclose this information in violation of the Open Records Act.

**VI.**  
**WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL STATUTE**

45. In addition to the counts above, Defendants are liable to the estate of Cristina Belmonte, and to Manuel Belmonte, Plaintiff's husband and next of friend of Decedent under the Texas Wrongful Death Act, section 71.001 *et seq.* of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code for their negligence and wrongful acts and omissions as fully set forth herein above. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte is the surviving wrongful death statutory beneficiary entitled to bring this action pursuant to Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code Section 71.004. His name and relationship to Cristina Belmonte, Deceased, is as follows: Manuel Belmonte, surviving husband of Cristina Belmonte. Manuel Belmonte brings this wrongful death action in his individual capacity and as next of friend of Decedent for the personal injury damages that Cristina Belmonte suffered prior to her death under Texas Civil Practices and Remedies Code Section 71.021.

46. Cristina Belmonte's life was cut short as a result of the actions of the Defendants, who contributed directly to the deterioration of her health and life expectancy. During her lifetime, Cristina Belmonte was industrious and energetic and a good wife, mother, and caretaker of the family. She performed numerous and usual asks in and about the family residence, brought in income for the family, and gave advice, counsel, comfort, care, and protection to her family. At her death, Cristina Belmonte possessed assets which, in all reasonable probability, she could have continued to accumulate for the remainder of her natural life.

47. As a direct result of Defendants' negligence and wrongful acts and omissions, as more fully set forth herein above, Decedent suffered severe pain, emotional distress, and mental anguish.

48. Additionally, Plaintiff has incurred the following damages: pecuniary loss sustained in the past, and that in reasonable probability will be sustained in the future, for the loss of the care, maintenance, support, services, advice, counsel, and reasonable contributions of a [pecuniary value, excluding loss of inheritance, that Plaintiffs, in reasonable probability would have received from the Decedent had she lived;

- a. Loss of companionship and society sustained in the past, and that in reasonable probability will be sustained in the future, for the loss of the positive benefits flowing from the love, comfort, companionship, and society that Plaintiffs, in reasonable probability, would have received from Decedent had she lived;
- b. Mental anguish in the past, and that in reasonable probability will be sustained in the future, for the emotional pain, torment, and suffering experienced by Plaintiffs because of the death of the Decedent; and
- c. Loss of inheritances, including the loss of the present value of the assets that Decedent, in reasonable probability, would have added to her estate and left to Plaintiffs upon Decedent's natural death.

**VI.**  
**SECTION 1983 CLAIMS**

49. The battery and false imprisonment committed on Decedent by Defendants under color of state and/or federal law deprived Decedent of her constitutional right to life and liberty, free of battery and unreasonable restraint, and was carried out pursuant to a policy and/or protocol of

involuntary treatment without consent, under color of state and/or federal law with deliberate indifference to the rights of Decedent.

**VII.**  
**DAMAGES**

50. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege paragraphs 1 through 49 as if fully set forth herein.

51. As a result of Defendants' commission of medical battery, gross negligence, conspiracy, and false impression in addition to violating the Open Records Act, and other harmful conduct set forth hereinabove, Decedent lost her life. Plaintiffs have sustained extraordinary emotional pain, grief, sorrow, and mental anguish, as well as a loss of consortium. Plaintiffs have brought this suit against Defendants for the damages they and the deceased have suffered as a result of Defendants' conduct under the Texas Wrongful Death Statute. Plaintiff Manuel Belmonte also brings claims on behalf of the estate and heirs of Cristina Belmonte recoverable under the Texas Survival Statute.

52. The damages sought herein are within the jurisdictional limits of the Court and Plaintiffs seek monetary relief over \$1,000,000 plus a judgement for all other relief to which Plaintiffs are entitled. The amount of the monetary relief actually awarded, however, will ultimately be determined by the trier of fact.

**VIII.**  
**REQUEST FOR LEGAL HOLD**

53. Defendants are requested to hold and to take steps necessary to preserve all evidence relevant to this case during the pendency of this litigation, including but not limited to all documents, records, reports, X-ray films, films, photographs, emails, letters, text messages, video, audio, property, and any other form of communication or other evidence related to Decedent and/or Decedent's injuries.

**IX.**  
**JURY DEMAND**

54. Plaintiffs demand a jury trial and tender the appropriate fee with this Complaint.

**PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiffs pray that Defendants appear and answer herein, and that upon final hearing, they have judgement against Defendants for damages, together with pre- and post-judgment interest at the highest legal rates, costs of court, and all such other and further relief, general and special, legal equitable, to which they may show themselves justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ D. Bradley Kizzia

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**ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS**

**CIVIL COVER SHEET**

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

**I. (a) PLAINTIFFS**  
 MANUEL BELMONTE, individually and a/n/f of LILIANA BELMONTE, and on behalf of the Estate of CRISTINA BELMONTE, et al.

**(b)** County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff \_\_\_\_\_  
 (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

**(c)** Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)  
 D. BRADLEY KIZZIA, KIZZIA JOHNSON PLLC, 1910 PACIFIC AVE., STE. 13000, DALLAS, TX 75201; 214-451-0164

**DEFENDANTS**  
 MEDSTAR MOBILE HEALTHCARE, UT SOUTHWESTERN MEDICAL CENTER, UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM, et al.

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant DALLAS  
 (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

**II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

1 U.S. Government Plaintiff

2 U.S. Government Defendant

3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)

4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

**III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES** (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

	PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF
Citizen of This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 4
Citizen of Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	Incorporated and Principal Place of Business In Another State	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 5
Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	Foreign Nation	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 6

**IV. NATURE OF SUIT** (Place an "X" in One Box Only) Click here for: Nature of Suit Code Descriptions.

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES	
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> 151 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Stockholders' Suits <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 195 Contract Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 196 Franchise	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	<b>PERSONAL INJURY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury - Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 367 Health Care/Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <b>PERSONAL PROPERTY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other <b>LABOR</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Management Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 751 Family and Medical Leave Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Employee Retirement Income Security Act <b>IMMIGRATION</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 462 Naturalization Application <input type="checkbox"/> 465 Other Immigration Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 <b>PROPERTY RIGHTS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 835 Patent - Abbreviated New Drug Application <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark <b>SOCIAL SECURITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395ff) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g)) <b>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 375 False Claims Act <input type="checkbox"/> 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) <input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 480 Consumer Credit <input type="checkbox"/> 490 Cable/Sat TV <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 896 Arbitration <input type="checkbox"/> 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIONS			
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other <input type="checkbox"/> 448 Education	<b>Habeas Corpus:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 463 Alien Detainee <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Death Penalty <b>Other:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition <input type="checkbox"/> 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement			

**V. ORIGIN** (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

1 Original Proceeding     2 Removed from State Court     3 Remanded from Appellate Court     4 Reinstated or Reopened     5 Transferred from Another District (specify)     6 Multidistrict Litigation - Transfer     8 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File

**VI. CAUSE OF ACTION**

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity):  
21 C.F.R. § 50.20

Brief description of cause:

**VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:**     CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, F.R.Cv.P.    DEMAND \$ \_\_\_\_\_    CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND:  Yes     No

**VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY** (See instructions):    JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_    DOCKET NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

DATE \_\_\_\_\_    SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD  
 /s/ D. Bradley Kizzia

**FOR OFFICE USE ONLY**

RECEIPT # \_\_\_\_\_    AMOUNT \_\_\_\_\_    APPLYING IFP \_\_\_\_\_    JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_    MAG. JUDGE \_\_\_\_\_