

Maternal and Child Health Integrated Program

Long Acting Reversible Contraception in PostAbortion Care: *No Missed Opportunities*

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Setting the stage

- Global burden of PAC:
 - 1/3 of pregnancies end in abortion
 - 44 million induced abortions, 22 million unsafe
 - 31 million spontaneous abortions
 - 47,000 women die of unsafe abortion yearly
- Importance of PAC FP integration
 - Prevention of unplanned pregnancies
 - Spacing between pregnancies
 - Maximize maternal and neonatal outcomes





Rationale for PAC – FP Integration

Return to fertility

- Rapid!
- Ovulation can occur as soon as 7 days after miscarriage / abortion
- Misperceptions regarding fertility
- WHO recommendations for spacing between abortion and subsequent pregnancy
 - 6 months to maximize maternal and perinatal outcomes





Choosing LARC

- When barriers removed, women choose IUDs
 - CHOICE project: cost barrier removed, 60% chose IUDs
- High continuation once chosen
 - CHOICE project: 90% at 24 months
- High satisfaction with IUDs and with timing of placement leading to high continuation rates





What we know about IUD and PAC

- IUDs are very effective contraception
 - Forgettable
 - Not dependent on compliance or follow up
- Easy to provide after abortion
 - Easier than interval insertion
 - No additional training needed
 - Single visit with AB procedure
 - High motivation for FP after AB

Safe, effective, practical, underutilized





LARCs after abortion

- High efficacy against pregnancy
- High satisfaction, high continuation
- Women choose LARCs when given the choice





Why doesn't everyone choose LARC?

Myths and misconceptions among both provider and clients





Myths and Misconceptions

- Provider Concerns:
 - Discomfort with own skill set am I able to safely put in an IUD
 - Concern for perforation
 - Concern for increased expulsion or infection
 - Misunderstanding of client eligibility for an IUD postabortion
 - Reliance on ultrasound to determine complete evacuation/eligibility





IUD Eligibility in PAC

- WHO Medical Eligibility Criteria for LARC use after PAC
 - Parity
 - Age

Medical eligibility criteria for contraceptive use

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SAFETY DATA







Contraception

Contraception 84 (2011) 447-464

Review article

Intrauterine contraceptive insertion postabortion: a systematic review*

Maria W. Steenland^{a,*}, Naomi K. Tepper^a, Kathryn M. Curtis^a, Nathalie Kapp^b

"Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Atlanta, GA, 30341, USA "Department of Reproductive Health and Research, World Health Organization, 1211, Geneva, Switzerland Received 15 October 2010; revised 7 March 2011; accepted 10 March 2011

- 1966-2010, 19 studies met criteria 12 prospective cohorts and 7 RCT
- Immediate IUD insertion after abortion compared to insertion at any other time point
- IUDs placed immediately after abortion not associated with increased adverse events
- Slightly higher expulsion in second vs first trimester abortion immediate placement

Myths and Misperceptions

- Client concerns with LARCs in PAC
 - Pain with insertion
 - Perforation with remote displacement
 - Expulsion
 - Infertility/delayed fertility
 - Better to delay adoption of an FP method?
 - Other barriers: partner support for FP after PAC?





Strategies to Combat Client Myths

- Address providers as barriers
 - Provider resistance to LARCs with PAC will perpetuate client myths
- Normalize LARCs with PAC
 - IEC materials
 - Sensitize all staff to LARCs with PAC
 - Champion clients or champion providers





Strategies to Combat Client Myths

- It's all in the counseling....
- Provide comprehensive, efficacy-based FP counseling in the setting of PAC
 - "Efficacy –based" means offering LARCs as first line methods
 - Best methods for pregnancy prevention
 - Emphasizing informed choice, safety, quick return to fertility, availability of removal services if needed





CHOICE Project

- When efficacy based structured counseling is used, more women choose LARCs
- Satisfaction and continuation is high
- Unplanned pregnancies and repeat abortions decrease





Immediate vs Delayed IUD Insertion

- What happens when women delay insertion of IUDs until planned follow up visit?
 - (either by choice or because insertion of IUD is not offered at the PAC visit)





PAIR Study: Results

Outcome	Immediate	Delayed	Difference (95%Cl)	
Insertions	100%	71%	29% (24, 34)	
Expulsions	5.0%	2.7%	2.3% (-1.0, 5.8)	
LNG-IUS Copper T 380A	5.5% 3.4%	3.4% 0%		
Use at 6 months	90%	77%	13% (6, 20)	
Pregnancies	0	4		
Perforations	0	0		





Immediate vs. Delayed Insertion after Dilation & Evacuation 15-23 wks

Two studies:	LNG-IUS		Cu T380a	
	Immediate	Delayed	Immediate	Delayed
Women	44	44	111	104
IUD Insertion	100%	45%	90%	30%
Expulsion	7%	5%	3%	0%
Continuation, 6-month	85%	56%	82%	28%
Lost to follow-up	39%	39%	32%	21%
Pregnancy	0%	4%	4%	6%
	Hohmann. Contraception,		Cremer. Contraception	

epub 13 Sept 2011.

2011;83(6):522-7.

Service Delivery Considerations

Uterus empty:

- If no signs of infection, can insert immediately after evaluation
- Retained products of conception:
 - MVA for Uterine evacuation
 - Assessment for infection
 - Placement of IUD immediately





IMPACT DATA





Post-abortal vs. Interval IUD

• This is the real question:

Is it better to insert the IUCD immediately after abortion or to wait?

- What impact would post-abortal insertion have?
 - On unintended pregnancies
 - On repeat abortion
 - On maternal mortality







Contraception

Contraception 78 (2008) 143-148

Original research article

Impact of immediate postabortal insertion of intrauterine contraception on repeat abortion² Suzan Goodman^{a,*}, Sarah K. Hendlish^b, Matthew F. Reeves^{c,d}, Anne Foster-Rosales^{a,b}

- All women who received immediate post abortal IUDs over 3 years
- Matched to women receiving abortions but choosing other methods
- Repeat abortion data obtained for 14 months after 3 year period
- Women receiving immediate IUD: lower rate of repeat abortions (34.6 vs 91.3, p<.001)
- Hazard ratio for repeat abortion in IUD group: 0.38





Modeled Decision Analysis: Results

- Pregnancies per 1000 women receiving postabortal IUCDs in the base case
 - Post-abortal (immediate) insertion: 34
 - Interval (delayed) insertion:
- 52 fewer pregnancies with immediate insertion after 12 months
- If 20% opted for and received immediate insertion, estimated 20K abortions prevented in the first year



Reeves et al. Obstet Gynecol 2007.



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Implants

- Not fraught with all the same issues
 - Can be inserted immediately
 - Same provider or separate provider
 - No concern about infection or incomplete evacuation







Summary

IUDs and Implants are very effective contraception

- Forgettable
- Not dependent on compliance or follow-up
- Immediate effect after abortion
- Easy to provide after abortion
 - IUDs can be asier than interval insertion
 - Single visit with AB procedure
 - High motivation for FP after AB
 - No insertion-related complications in any study
 - No increase in expulsion rate

High satisfaction with IUDs/Implants and with timing of placement leading to high continuation rates





Summary

Safe, effective, practical, underutilized

Policy Implications:

- Reduce unintended pregnancies
- Reduced repeat abortion
- Reduced maternal mortality





Discussion



